

=> d his 128-

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(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:04:43 ON 31 DEC 1998)
L28      153 S L26
L29      1 S L1 AND L28
L30      11584 S L23 OR (?CYCLOSPORIN? OR ?CICLOSPORIN?)
L31      11602 S PSC 833 OR PSC833 OR SDZPSC833 OR SDZPSC 833 OR VALSPOD
L32      170 S L31 AND (L4 OR ETHANOL OR ETHYLALC? OR ETHYL ALCOHOL OR
L33      15 S L32 AND (L11 OR L12 OR OLEIC OR OLEATE OR OCTADENENOIC)
L34      22 S L32 AND (L21 OR L22 OR POPG OR ?PALMITOYL? OR ?PHOSPHAT
L35      34 S L33,L34
L36      9 S L35 AND (L25 OR PROPYLENEGLYCOL OR PROPYLENE GLYCOL OR
L37      7 S ?EMULS? AND L35
L38      2 S L36 AND L37
L39      12 S L36,L37 NOT L38
L40      14 S L38,L39
          SEL HIT RN
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:12:31 ON 31 DEC 1998
L41      15 S E11-E25
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=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:12:51 ON 31 DEC 1998
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 DEC 98 HIGHEST RN 216142-46-0
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 31 DEC 98 HIGHEST RN 216142-46-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JUNE 29, 1998

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

=> d ide can tot 141

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L41 ANSWER 1 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
RN 121584-18-7 REGISTRY
CN Cyclosporin D, 6-[(2S,4R,6E)-4-methyl-2-(methylamino)-3-oxo-6-
  octenoic acid]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1,4,7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28,31-Undecaazacyclotritriacontane, cyclic
  peptide deriv.
CN Cyclosporin A, 6-[[R-(E)]-6,7-didehydro-N,4-dimethyl-3-oxo-L-2-
  aminoctanoic acid]-7-L-valine-
OTHER NAMES:
CN PSC 833
CN SDZ-PSC 833
CN Valspodar
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH
MF C63 H111 N11 O12
SR CA
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT,
  CAPLUS, CIN, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE,
  PHAR, PROMT, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL
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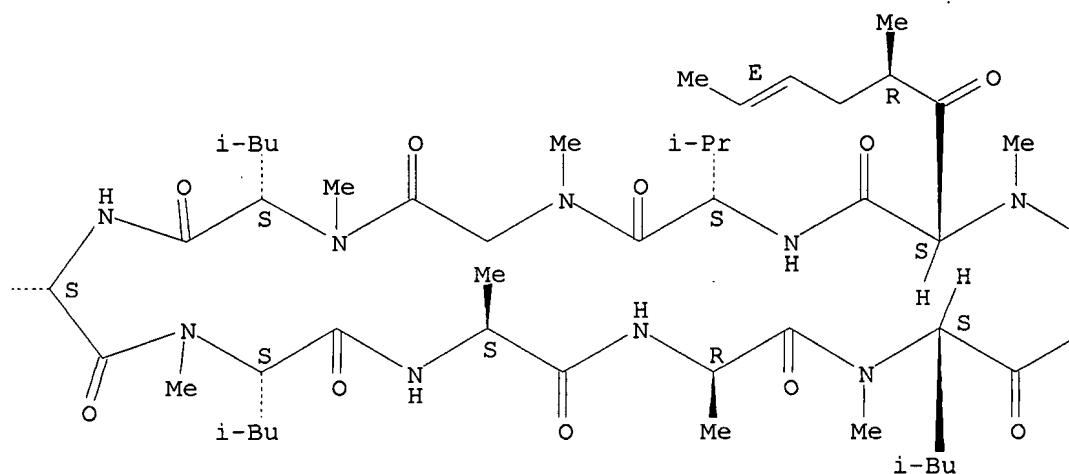
Other Sources: WHO

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.

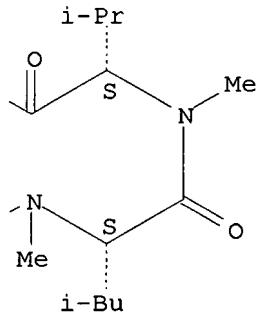
PAGE 1-A

i-Pr

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



153 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 153 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:510
 REFERENCE 2: 130:481
 REFERENCE 3: 129:339538
 REFERENCE 4: 129:339516
 REFERENCE 5: 129:339480
 REFERENCE 6: 129:310501
 REFERENCE 7: 129:310493
 REFERENCE 8: 129:298033
 REFERENCE 9: 129:285749
 REFERENCE 10: 129:285547

L41 ANSWER 2 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 RN 79217-60-0 REGISTRY
 CN Cyclosporin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 MF Unspecified
 CI COM, MAN
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CABA, CAPLUS, CEN,
 CHEMLIST, CBNB, CIN, EMBASE, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PROMT, RTECS*,
 TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
 427 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 44 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 427 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:488

REFERENCE 2: 129:347306

REFERENCE 3: 129:315076

REFERENCE 4: 129:312000

REFERENCE 5: 129:310162

REFERENCE 6: 129:306497

REFERENCE 7: 129:301511

REFERENCE 8: 129:274719

REFERENCE 9: 129:272599

REFERENCE 10: 129:270234

L41 ANSWER 3 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 72642-93-4 REGISTRY

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, ether with
D-glucitol (6:1), (9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, ether with
D-glucitol (6:1), 9-octadecenoate, (Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN Polyethylene glycol sorbitol monooleate

CN Polyoxyethylene sorbitol monoleate

CN Polyoxyethylene sorbitol monooleate

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF (C₂ H₄ O)_n
C₂₄ H₄₆ O₇

CI IDS, PMS

PCT Polyester, Polyether, Polyvinyl

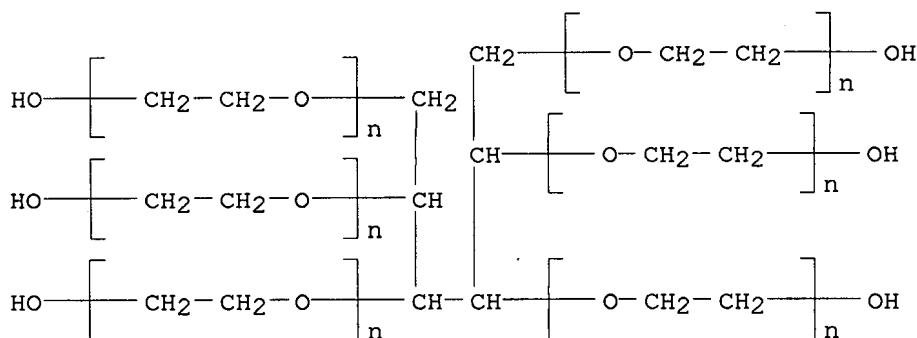
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 53694-15-8

CMF (C₂ H₄ O)_n
O_n C₆ H₁₄ O₆

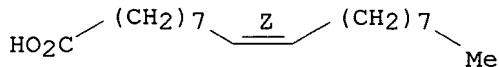
CCI PMS



CM 2

CRN 112-80-1
CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

23 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
23 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:152994

REFERENCE 2: 128:184673

REFERENCE 3: 128:158918

REFERENCE 4: 126:213493

REFERENCE 5: 124:97282

REFERENCE 6: 123:41009

REFERENCE 7: 119:111267

REFERENCE 8: 119:34045

REFERENCE 9: 115:189797

REFERENCE 10: 115:135069

L41 ANSWER 4 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 67965-56-4 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, diester with oxybis[propanediol] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, diester with oxybis[propanediol]

OTHER NAMES:

CN Diglycerin dioleate

CN Diglycerol dioleate

CN Diglyceryl dioleate

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C42 H78 O7

CI IDS

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CM 1

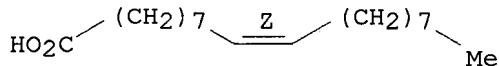
CRN 59113-36-9
CMF C6 H14 O5
CCI IDS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 112-80-1
CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.



39 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 39 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:349072

REFERENCE 2: 129:188425

REFERENCE 3: 129:127180

REFERENCE 4: 129:45121

REFERENCE 5: 128:184683

REFERENCE 6: 128:74603

REFERENCE 7: 127:283176

REFERENCE 8: 127:82935

REFERENCE 9: 125:123257

REFERENCE 10: 124:236937

L41 ANSWER 5 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 67660-31-5 REGISTRY

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.''-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.-hydroxy-, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.''-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.-hydroxy-, mono-9-octadecenoate, (Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C21 H40 O4

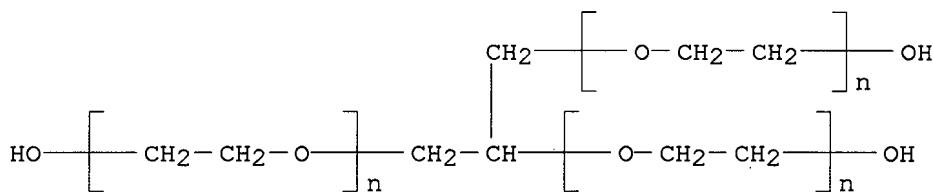
CI IDS, PMS, COM

PCT Polyester, Polyether, Polyvinyl

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CM 1

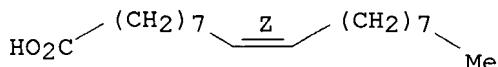
CRN 31694-55-0
CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C3 H8 O3
CCI PMS



CM 2

CRN 112-80-1
CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

35 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
35 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:280861

REFERENCE 2: 127:85840

REFERENCE 3: 127:39476

REFERENCE 4: 127:19723

REFERENCE 5: 126:282541

REFERENCE 6: 126:216424

REFERENCE 7: 126:190725

REFERENCE 8: 124:126918

REFERENCE 9: 124:126912

L41 ANSWER 6 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 49553-76-6 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, monoester with oxybis[propanediol] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, monoester with oxybis[propanediol]

OTHER NAMES:

CN Diglycerin monooleate

CN Diglycerol monooleate

CN Diglyceryl monooleate

CN DO 100

CN Nikkol DGMO

CN Nikkol DGMO-C

CN Oleic acid diglycerol monoester

CN Poem DO 100

CN Rikemal DO 100
 CN Rikemal O 71DE
 CN TS-T 154
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 DR 63103-02-6, 137803-55-5, 143718-75-6, 52783-51-4, 180064-09-9
 MF C24 H46 O6
 CI IDS, COM
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMLIST, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXLIT,
 USPATFULL
 Other Sources: EINECS**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CM 1

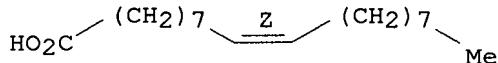
CRN 59113-36-9
 CMF C6 H14 O5
 CCI IDS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 112-80-1
 CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.



142 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 143 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:246649
 REFERENCE 2: 129:231696
 REFERENCE 3: 129:212971
 REFERENCE 4: 129:193537
 REFERENCE 5: 129:127180
 REFERENCE 6: 129:96359
 REFERENCE 7: 129:80979
 REFERENCE 8: 129:80967
 REFERENCE 9: 128:326359
 REFERENCE 10: 128:248586

L41 ANSWER 7 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 RN 25496-72-4 REGISTRY
 CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol (9CI)

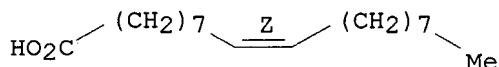
(CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol
CN Olein, mono- (6CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN Adchem GMO
CN Ajax GMO
CN Aldo 40
CN Aldo MO-FG
CN Alkamuls GMO 45LG
CN Arlacel 129
CN Atmer 1007
CN Dimodan GMO 90
CN Dimodan LSQK
CN Dur-Em 114
CN Dur-Em 204
CN Emalsy MO
CN Emalsy OL
CN Emasol MO 50
CN Emcol O
CN Emerest 2400
CN Emerest 2421
CN Emrite 6009
CN Emuldan RYLO-MG 90
CN Excel O 95F
CN Excel O 95N
CN Excel O 95R
CN Glycerin monooleate
CN Glycerine monooleate
CN Glycerol monooleate
CN Glycerol oleate
CN Glyceromonooleate
CN Glyceryl monooleate
CN Glyceryl oleate
CN Glycolube 100
CN GMO 8903
CN Harowax L 9
CN Kemester 2000
CN Loxiol G 10
CN Mazol GMO
CN Monoglyceryl oleate
CN Monoolein
CN Monooleoylglycerol
CN Nikkol MGO
CN OL 100
CN Oleic acid glycerol monoester
CN Oleic acid monoglyceride
CN Oleic monoglyceride
CN Oleylmonoglyceride
CN Olicine
CN Polybatch AF 1085
CN Priolube 1407
CN Radiasurf 7150
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
DISPLAY
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 1330-82-1, 125622-45-9, 95917-02-5, 66676-57-1, 148507-38-4,
143519-87-3, 117628-77-0
MF C21 H40 O4

CI IDS, COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD,
 CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
 DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE,
 MSDS-OHS, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

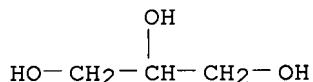
CM 1

CRN 112-80-1
CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.



CM 2

CRN 56-81-5
CMF C3 H8 O3

1667 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 46 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1668 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 42 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 130:1337
 REFERENCE 2: 129:347286
 REFERENCE 3: 129:342951
 REFERENCE 4: 129:342896
 REFERENCE 5: 129:304396
 REFERENCE 6: 129:300488
 REFERENCE 7: 129:293792
 REFERENCE 8: 129:277722
 REFERENCE 9: 129:277179
 REFERENCE 10: 129:265487

RN 13879-80-6 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid, 3-[[(2,3-dihydroxypropoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]-2-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propyl ester, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Olein, 2-palmito-1-, (2,3-dihydroxypropyl) hydrogen phosphate monosodium salt (8CI)

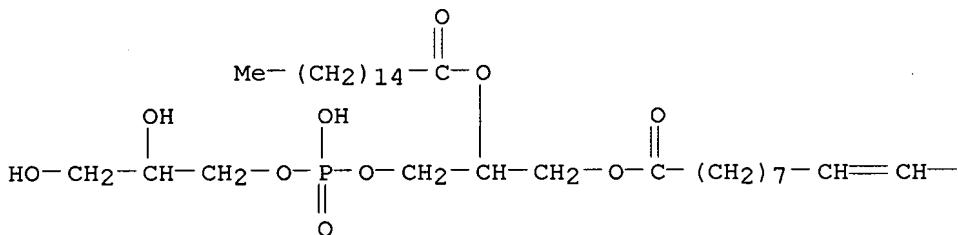
CN Palmitin, 1-oleo-2-, (2,3-dihydroxypropyl) hydrogen phosphate monosodium salt

MF C40 H77 O10 P . Na

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

CRN (26853-34-9)

PAGE 1-A



● Na

PAGE 1-B

— (CH₂)₇—Me

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 127:181157

REFERENCE 2: 66:65027

L41 ANSWER 9 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 9007-48-1 REGISTRY

CN 1,2,3-Propanetriol, homopolymer, (9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,2,3-Propanetriol, homopolymer, (Z)-9-octadecenoate

OTHER NAMES:

CN Demal 14

CN Emcol 12-14-18

CN Emcol 14

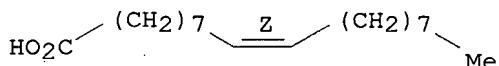
CN Estax 50

CN Isolan GO 33
CN Oleic acid polyglyceride
CN Plurol oleate
CN Polyglycerin oleate
CN Polyglycerol oleate
CN Polyglyceryl oleate
CN Santone 3-1SH
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 9009-31-8, 68238-75-5, 75496-64-9, 39403-38-8
MF C18 H34 O2 . x (C3 H8 O3)x
CI COM
PCT Polyether, Polyether formed
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, IFICDB,
IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS, RTECS*, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, TSCA**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CM 1

CRN 112-80-1
CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

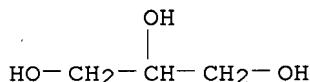


CM 2

CRN 25618-55-7
CMF (C3 H8 O3)x
CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 56-81-5
CMF C3 H8 O3



110 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
110 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:235663

REFERENCE 2: 129:43187

REFERENCE 3: 128:275108

REFERENCE 4: 127:283176

REFERENCE 5: 127:268059

REFERENCE 6: 127:207900

REFERENCE 7: 127:180869

REFERENCE 8: 127:67720

REFERENCE 9: 126:242911

REFERENCE 10: 125:299771

L41 ANSWER 10 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 1341-72-6 REGISTRY

CN D-Mannitol, anhydro-, mono-9-octadecenoate, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Crill 15

CN Mannitan monoleate

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C24 H44 O6

CI IDS

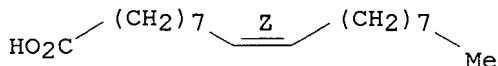
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, IPA, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 112-80-1

CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

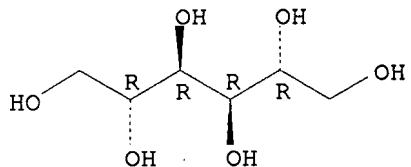


CM 2

CRN 69-65-8

CMF C6 H14 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 120:280318

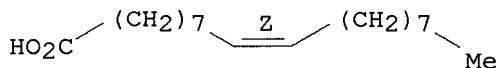
L41 ANSWER 11 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN **1338-43-8** REGISTRY
CN Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN Sorbitan, mono-9-octadecenoate, (Z)-
CN Sorbitan, monooleate (6CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN Alkamuls SMO
CN Arlacel 80
CN Armotan MO
CN Atmer 105
CN Crill 4
CN Dehymuls SMO
CN Disponil 100
CN Emasol 410
CN Emasol O 10
CN Emasol O 10F
CN Emsorb 2500
CN G 946
CN Glycomul O
CN Ionet S 80
CN Kemmat S 80
CN Liposorb 80
CN Lonzeest SMO
CN MO 33F
CN Monodehydrosorbitol monooleate
CN Montane 80
CN Newcol 80
CN Nikkol SO 10
CN Nissan Nonion OP 80R
CN Nonion OP 80R
CN O 250
CN Rheodol AO 10
CN Rheodol SP-O 10
CN Rikemal O 250
CN S 80
CN S-MAX 80
CN SO 10
CN Sorbester P 17
CN Sorbitan monooleic acid ester
CN Sorbitan O
CN Sorbon S 80
CN Sorgen 40
CN Sorgen 40A
CN Span 80
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 9015-08-1, 122303-50-8, 54693-53-7, 58391-71-2, 57273-95-7,
62340-88-9, 2060-34-6, 73202-24-1, 76011-51-3, 30233-52-4,
39289-74-2, 182372-02-7
MF C24 H44 O6
CI IDS, COM
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT, APIPAT2,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN,
CSCHM, CSNB, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE,
TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CM 1

CRN 112-80-1
CMF C18 H34 O2

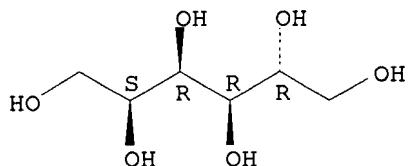
Double bond geometry as shown.



CM 2

CRN 50-70-4
CMF C6 H14 06

Absolute stereochemistry.



2457 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
32 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
2461 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
47 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 130:7245

REFERENCE 2: 130:4831

REFERENCE 3: 130:4808

REFERENCE 4: 130:4651

REFERENCE 5: 130:518

REFERENCE 6: 129:347616

REFERENCE 7: 129:346820

REFERENCE 8: 129:345281

REFERENCE 9: 129:342951

REFERENCE 10: 129:33566

L41 ANSWER 12 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 143-19-1 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

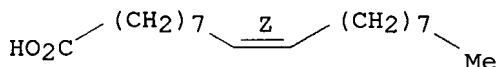
CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, sodium salt

CN Oleic acid, sodium salt (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Eunatrol
 CN Nonsoul ON 1
 CN NPS Red Oil Soap
 CN Olate Flakes
 CN Pionin D 951P
 CN Sodium oleate
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C18 H34 O2 . Na
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
 CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN,
 CSCHM, DETHERM*, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
 IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT,
 RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USPATFULL, VTB
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
 CRN (112-80-1)

Double bond geometry as shown.



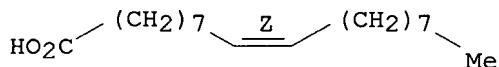
● Na

2447 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 15 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 2451 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 130:3174
 REFERENCE 2: 130:1255
 REFERENCE 3: 129:348926
 REFERENCE 4: 129:345549
 REFERENCE 5: 129:332486
 REFERENCE 6: 129:332092
 REFERENCE 7: 129:293782
 REFERENCE 8: 129:290811
 REFERENCE 9: 129:281549
 REFERENCE 10: 129:277624

RN 112-80-1 REGISTRY
CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-
CN Oleic acid (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN .DELTA.9-cis-Octadecenoic acid
CN .DELTA.9-cis-Oleic acid
CN 9-cis-Octadecenoic acid
CN 9-Octadecenoic acid, (Z)-
CN cis-.DELTA.9-Octadecenoic acid
CN cis-9-Octadecenoic acid
CN cis-Oleic acid
CN Edenor ATiO5
CN Edenor FTiO5
CN Emersol 205
CN Emersol 211
CN Emersol 213NF
CN Emersol 214NF
CN Emersol 6313NF
CN Extra Oleic 80R
CN Extra Oleic 90
CN Extra Oleic 99
CN Extra Olein 80
CN Extra Olein 90R
CN Extraolein 90
CN Industrene 105
CN Industrene 106
CN Lunac O-CA
CN Lunac O-LL
CN Lunac O-P
CN NAA 34
CN NAA 35
CN Neo-Fat 92-04
CN Oleine 7503
CN Pamolyn 100
CN Priolene 6907
CN Priolene 6930
CN Vopcolene 27
CN Wecoline 00
CN Z-9-Octadecenoic acid
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 8046-01-3, 56833-51-3, 17156-84-2
MF C18 H34 O2
CI COM
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT,
APIPAT2, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT,
CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
CBNB, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, DDFU, DIPPR*, DRUGU,
EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA,
PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN, USPATFULL,
VETU, VTB
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Double bond geometry as shown.



26433 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1716 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 26465 REFERENCES IN FILE CPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 130:9635

REFERENCE 2: 130:7650

REFERENCE 3: 130:7439

REFERENCE 4: 130:7428

REFERENCE 5: 130:7418

REFERENCE 6: 130:7407

REFERENCE 7: 130:7388

REFERENCE 8: 130:5835

REFERENCE 9: 130:5131

REFERENCE 10: 130:5125

L41 ANSWER 14 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

RN 64-17-5 REGISTRY

CN Ethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ethyl alcohol (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 100C.NPA

CN Alcare Hand Degermer

CN Alcohol

CN Alcohol anhydrous

CN Algrain

CN Anhydrol

CN Anhydrol PM 4085

CN Desinfektol EL

CN Duplicating Fluid 100C.NPA

CN Esumiru WK 88

CN Ethicap

CN Ethyl hydrate

CN Ethyl hydroxide

CN Hinetoless

CN IMS 99

CN Jaysol

CN Jaysol S

CN Methylcarbinol

CN Molasses alcohol

CN Potato alcohol

CN SDA 3A

CN SDA 40-2

CN SY Fresh M

CN Synasol
 CN Tecsol
 CN Tecsol C
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 8000-16-6, 8024-45-1, 121182-78-3
 MF C2 H6 O
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT,
 APIPAT2, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
 CBNB, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, DDFU, DIPPR*, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
 MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA,
 PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TRCTHERMO*, TULSA,
 ULIDAT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

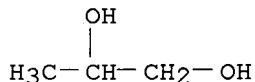


108533 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 888 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 108678 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 130:10165
 REFERENCE 2: 130:10159
 REFERENCE 3: 130:10143
 REFERENCE 4: 130:10140
 REFERENCE 5: 130:10139
 REFERENCE 6: 130:10137
 REFERENCE 7: 130:10128
 REFERENCE 8: 130:10111
 REFERENCE 9: 130:10048
 REFERENCE 10: 130:10040

L41 ANSWER 15 OF 15 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 RN 57-55-6 REGISTRY
 CN 1,2-Propanediol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.+-.)-1,2-Propanediol
 CN (.+-.)-Propylene glycol
 CN (RS)-1,2-Propanediol
 CN .alpha.-Propylene glycol
 CN 1,2-(RS)-Propanediol
 CN 1,2-Dihydroxypropane
 CN 1,2-Propylene glycol

CN 1000PG
 CN 2,3-Propanediol
 CN 2-Hydroxypropanol
 CN DL-1,2-Propanediol
 CN dl-Propylene glycol
 CN Dowfrost
 CN Isopropylene glycol
 CN Methylene glycol
 CN Methylethylene glycol
 CN Monopropylene glycol
 CN PG 12
 CN Propylene glycol
 CN Sirlene
 CN Solar Winter Ban
 CN Solargard P
 CN Ucar 35
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 63625-56-9, 4254-16-4, 190913-75-8
 MF C3 H8 O2
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT,
 APIPAT2, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
 CBNB, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, DDFU, DIPPR*, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
 MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA,
 PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TRCTHERMO*, TULSA,
 ULIDAT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



13220 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1676 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 13250 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 19 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 130:7430
 REFERENCE 2: 130:7407
 REFERENCE 3: 130:7397
 REFERENCE 4: 130:7369
 REFERENCE 5: 130:7282
 REFERENCE 6: 130:7246
 REFERENCE 7: 130:6633
 REFERENCE 8: 130:6573

REFERENCE 9: 130:5146

REFERENCE 10: 130:5131

=> fil hcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1967 - 31 Dec 1998 VOL 130 ISS 1
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 31 Dec 1998 (981231/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

=> d all tot 138

L38 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1997:499091 HCAPLUS
 DN 127:181157
 TI Pharmaceutical emulsions containing **cyclosporin**
 and macrolide antibiotics
 IN Tiemessen, Harry
 PA Novartis A.-G, Switz.; Tiemessen, Harry
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K009-107
 ICS A61K047-10; A61K047-12; A61K047-24
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9725977	A1	19970724	WO 97-EP252	19970120
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 9715434	A1	19970811	AU 97-15434	19970120
	EP 874621	A1	19981104	EP 97-901563	19970120
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT,			

IE, FI

PRAI GB 96-1120 19960119
 WO 97-EP252 19970120

AB A process for prep. an **emulsion** compn. comprising a **cyclosporin**, a rapamycin or an ascomycin or a deriv. thereof as active agent, which process comprises the step of admixing to a placebo fat **emulsion** a conc. comprising (a) the active agent, (b) a stabilizer selected from a **phospholipid**, a **glycolipid**, a **sphingolipid**, a **diacylphosphatidyl glycerol**, an egg-**phosphatidylglycerol**, a soy-**phosphatidylglycerol**, a diacyl-**phosphatidylglycerol**, or a salt thereof; or a satd., mono- or di-unsatd. (C12-24) fatty acid, or a salt thereof, and (c) an org. solvent, wherein the wt. ratio of active agent to stabilizer is between 400:1 and 0.5:1. The invention also provides ready-to-use **emulsions**, e.g. for i.v. administration, prep'd. using the above process. A pharmaceutical **emulsion** contained **PSC-833** 5.9, sodium **oleate** 0.59, **ethanol** 24.4, **propylene glycol** 23.8, medium and long chain triglycerides 94.3, egg **phosphatidylcholine** 11.3, glycerol 23.6, and sodium **oleate** 0.28 mg/mL.

ST pharmaceutical **emulsion cyclosporin** macrolide antibiotic stabilizer; **PSC833 oleate** triglyceride **phosphatidylcholine** pharmaceutical **emulsion**

IT Fatty acids, biological studies
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (C12-24; pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin** and macrolide antibiotics)

IT **Phosphatidylglycerols**
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (diacyl derivs.; pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin** and macrolide antibiotics)

IT **Phosphatidylglycerols**
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (egg yolk; pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin** and macrolide antibiotics)

IT **Emulsions** (drug delivery systems)
 Macrolide antibiotics
 Organic solvents
 Stabilizing agents
 (pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin** and macrolide antibiotics)

IT **Glycolipids**
 Long-chain glycerides
 Medium-chain glycerides
Phospholipids, biological studies
Sphingolipids
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin** and macrolide antibiotics)

IT **57-55-6, Propylene glycol**, uses
64-17-5, Ethanol, uses
 RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin** and macrolide antibiotics)

IT **143-19-1, Sodium oleate 13879-80-6**
 53123-88-9, Rapamycin 79217-60-0, **Cyclosporin**

104987-12-4, Ascomycin **121584-18-7**, Psc
833 152059-95-5, Lipofundin mct
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pharmaceutical **emulsions** contg. **cyclosporin**
 and macrolide antibiotics)

L38 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1997:34732 HCAPLUS
 DN 126:135606
 TI **Cyclosporin**-containing soft capsule compositions
 IN Woo, Jong S.
 PA Hanmi Pharm. Ind. Co., Ltd., S. Korea
 SO U.S., 12 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K037-00
 NCL 514011000
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5589455	A	19961231	US 95-427187	19950421
PRAI	KR 94-37948		19941228		

AB The present invention relates to a soft capsule compn. contg. a stable **microemulsion** conc. which is more stable and suitable for the prepn. of **cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsules. More specifically, the present invention relates to a **microemulsion** conc. contg. **cyclosporin** as an active ingredient, polyethylene glycol as a cosurfactant, one component or a mixt. of two or more selected from the group consisting of an esterified compd. of fatty acid and primary alc., medium chain fatty acid triglyceride and monoglyceride as an oil component, and a surfactant having HLB value of 10 to 17 such as Nikkol HCO-50 or Tween 20, which is suitable for formulation into soft capsules and to a soft capsule compn. contg. said **microemulsion** conc. In the **microemulsion** conc. according to the present invention, **cyclosporin**, polyethylene glycol, the oil component and the surfactant are present in the ratio of 1:0.1-10:1-10:1-10, preferably 1:0.5-8:2-6:2-8, by wt. The soft capsule prepn. contg. polyethylene glycol, Et linoleate, caprylic/capric acid triglyceride, **oleic** acid monoglyceride, Nikkol HCO-50 or Tween 20 according to the present invention is highly stable during storage in comparison with the prior soft capsules contg. **ethanol**, **propylene glycol**, transcutol, glycofurool, etc., as a cosurfactant, and provides an advantage in that the appearance and compn. content of the soft capsule are not changed, and further that since the bioavailability of **cyclosporin** is about 4 times or more as high as that of the prior com. products and pharmacokinetic properties of **cyclosporin** including difference between bioavailabilities in resp. subjects are improved, the administration dosage, side effects and costs of the drugs are reduced.

ST **cyclosporin** capsule
 IT Glycerides, biological studies
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (C8-10; **cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsule compns.)
 IT Hydrogenated castor oil

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ethoxylated; **cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsule compns.)
 IT Ethoxylated castor oil
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydrogenated; **cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsule compns.)
 IT Capsules (drug delivery systems)
 (soft; **cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsule compns.)
 IT 111-03-5, Monomuls 90018
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Henkel; **cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsule compns.)
 IT 110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate 111-62-6, Ethyl **oleate**
 142-91-6, Isopropyl palmitate 544-35-4, Ethyl linoleate
 9005-64-5, Tween 20 9005-65-6, Tween 80 9005-66-7, Tween 40
 9005-67-8, Tween 60 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 59865-13-3,
Cyclosporin
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (**cyclosporin**-contg. soft capsule compns.)

=> d 139 bib abs hitrn tot

L39 ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1998:621129 HCPLUS
 DN 129:235663
 TI Hydrophilic binary systems for the administration of
cyclosporin
 IN Al-Razzak, Laman A.; Constantinides, Panayiotis Pericleous; Kaul,
 Dilip; Lipari, John M.; Mcchesney-Harris, Lisa L.; Abdullah, Bashar
 Y.
 PA Abbott Laboratories, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9840094	A1	19980917	WO 98-US4927	19980312
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9864618	A1	19980929	AU 98-64618	19980312
PRAI	US 97-816375		19970312		
	WO 98-US4927		19980312		
AB	Binary pharmaceutical compns. comprising (1) a cyclosporin compd., (2) a hydrophilic phase and (3) a surfactant, provide bioavailability of the active ingredient which is equiv. to that provided by ternary compns., but without the need for a lipophilic phase. A compn. contained cyclosporin A 10, Cremophor EL 40, and propylene glycol q.s. 100 mL. The oral bioavailability of 5 mg/kg of compn. was evaluated in dogs. The Cmax, Tmax, and AUC was 1010 ng/mL, 1.0 h, and 5916.5 ng/h/mL, resp.				
IT	57-55-6, Propylene glycol , biological				

studies 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
 1338-43-8, Span 80 9007-48-1, Polyglycerololeate
 25496-72-4, Glyceryl monooleate
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydrophilic binary systems for administration of
 cyclosporin)

L39 ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1998:490505 HCAPLUS
 DN 129:127180
 TI Controlled-release pharmaceutical composition comprising a fatty acid ester of diglycerol
 IN Larsson, Kare; Ljusberg-Wahren, Helena; Krog, Niels
 PA GS Development AB, Swed.; Larsson, Kare; Ljusberg-Wahren, Helena; Krog, Niels
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9830206	A1	19980716	WO 98-SE9	19980108
	W: AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	SE 9700061	A	19980714	SE 97-61	19970113
	AU 9855832	A1	19980803	AU 98-55832	19980108
PRAI	SE 97-61		19970113		
	WO 98-SE9		19980108		
AB	A controlled-release compn. for a biol. active material, which compn. is liq. or liq. cryst. and comprises at least one medium or long-chain fatty acid ester of diglycerol as a carrier for said biol. active material, said biol. active material being dissolved or dispersed in said carrier. A controlled-release topical pharmaceutical contained progesterone 40.0, diglycerol mono-dioleate 54.0, and diglycerol monooleate 6.0%.				
IT	57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 112-80-1, Oleic acid, biological studies 49553-76-6, Diglycerol monooleate 67965-56-4, Diglycerol dioleate RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (controlled-release pharmaceutical compn. comprising fatty acid ester of diglycerol)				

L39 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1998:207280 HCAPLUS
 DN 128:275101
 TI Gas and gaseous precursor filled microspheres as topical and subcutaneous delivery vehicles
 IN Unger, Evan C.; Matsunaga, Terry O.; Yellowhair, David
 PA Imarx Pharmaceutical Corp., USA

SO U.S., 40 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 307,305.
 CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 18

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5733572	A	19980331	US 94-346426	19941129
	US 5088499	A	19920218	US 90-569828	19900820
	WO 9109629	A1	19910711	WO 90-US7500	19901219
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE				
	JP 05502675	T2	19930513	JP 91-503276	19901219
	US 5228446	A	19930720	US 91-717084	19910618
	WO 9222247	A1	19921223	WO 92-US2615	19920331
	W: AU, CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE				
	AU 9220020	A1	19930112	AU 92-20020	19920331
	AU 667471	B2	19960328		
	JP 06508364	T2	19940922	JP 92-500847	19920331
	EP 616508	A1	19940928	EP 92-912456	19920331
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE				
	US 5469854	A	19951128	US 93-76239	19930611
	US 5580575	A	19961203	US 93-76250	19930611
	US 5348016	A	19940920	US 93-88268	19930707
	US 5542935	A	19960806	US 93-160232	19931130
	US 5585112	A	19961217	US 93-159687	19931130
	US 5769080	A	19980623	US 94-199462	19940222
	WO 9428874	A1	19941222	WO 94-US5633	19940519
	W: AU, CA, CN, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 5773024	A	19980630	US 94-307305	19940916
	CA 2177713	AA	19950608	CA 94-2177713	19941130
	JP 09506098	T2	19970617	JP 94-515763	19941130
	US 5571497	A	19961105	US 95-468056	19950606
PRAI	US 89-455707		19891222		
	US 90-569828		19900820		
	US 91-716899		19910618		
	US 91-717084		19910618		
	US 93-76239		19930611		
	US 93-76250		19930611		
	US 93-159674		19931130		
	US 93-159687		19931130		
	US 93-160232		19931130		
	US 94-307305		19940916		
	WO 90-US7500		19901219		
	US 91-750877		19910826		
	US 92-818069		19920108		
	WO 92-US2615		19920331		
	US 92-967974		19921027		
	US 93-17683		19930212		
	US 93-18112		19930217		
	US 93-85608		19930630		
	US 93-88268		19930707		
	US 93-163039		19931206		
	US 94-212553		19940311		
	US 94-346426		19941129		
	WO 94-US13817		19941130		

US 95-395683 19950228
 AB Gas and gaseous precursor filled microspheres, and foams provide novel topical and s.c. delivery vehicles for various active ingredients, including drugs and cosmetics. Gas and gaseous precursor filled microcapsules were prep'd. from **dipalmitoylphosphatidylcholine**.

IT **57-55-6**, 1,2-**Propanediol**, biological studies
64-17-5, **Ethanol**, biological studies
112-80-1, 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, biological studies
1338-43-8, Sorbitan monooleate **79217-60-0**,
Cyclosporin
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (gas and gaseous precursor filled microspheres as topical and s.c. delivery vehicles)

L39 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1998:150231 HCAPLUS
 DN 128:158918
 TI Water-soluble (hydrophilic) excipients for difficultly soluble drugs
 IN Zhou, Dehe
 PA Zhou, Dehe, Peop. Rep. China
 SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5 pp.
 CODEN: CNXXEV
 DT Patent
 LA Chinese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI CN 1144695	A	19970312	CN 96-107550	19960529
AB	Water-sol. (hydrophilic) excipients for difficultly sol. drugs contain nonionic solubilizers and alcs. with/without antioxidants.			
IT	64-17-5 , Ethanol , biological studies 72642-93-4 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (water-sol. (hydrophilic) excipients for difficultly sol. drugs)			

L39 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1998:59105 HCAPLUS
 DN 128:136493
 TI Pretreatment reagents and methods, and application to assays for immunosuppressant drugs
 IN Jaklitsch, Anna P.; Monger, Daniel J.; Pfeiffer, Matthias; Roth, Stephen H.; Jeong, Henry
 PA Jaklitsch, Anna P., USA; Monger, Daniel J.; Pfeiffer, Matthias; Roth, Stephen H.; Jeong, Henry
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXDD
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 9800696	A1	19980108	WO 97-US12420	19970703
W: AU, CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2230284	AA	19980108	CA 97-2230284	19970703
AU 9737300	A1	19980121	AU 97-37300	19970703
EP 850402	A1	19980701	EP 97-934184	19970703

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
 PRAI US 96-21201 19960703
 WO 97-US12420 19970703

AB Compns. and kits are disclosed for pretreating samples that are to be analyzed for the presence and/or amt. of an assocd. analyte, i.e. an analyte present in a sample in assocn. with (e.g. complexed to) other sample components (cellular material, **phospholipids**, proteins, etc.). Assocd. analytes include therapeutic drugs. The compn. comprises about 30-40 vol.% lower alkyl alc., about 20-40 vol.% glycol, and an aq. component comprising about 20-30 copper salt. Addnl., the aq. component can comprise about 0.5-20 mM of a buffer, and about 0.005-.2 wt.% of a non-ionic detergent and has a pH of about 2.0-4.6. The kits further include one or more reagents for conducting an assay for the assocd. analyte. Also disclosed are improvements in assays for assocd. analytes wherein the improvements comprise pretreating a sample suspected of contg. the assocd. analyte with the above compn. The assay is e.g an immunoassay for an immunosuppressant. Immunoassays for **cyclosporine** and FK506 are described which used the pretreatment methodol. of the invention.

IT **79217-60-0, Cyclosporin**
 RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pretreatment reagents and methods, and application to assays for immunosuppressant drugs)

IT **57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, biological studies**
64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pretreatment reagents and methods, and application to assays for immunosuppressant drugs)

L39 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1997:262353 HCAPLUS
 DN 126:242906
 TI Oral **cyclosporin** formulations
 IN Cho, Moo J.; Levy, Ralph E.; Pouletty, Philippe J.; Floc, H. Robert; Merle, Christian
 PA Sangstat Medical Corporation, USA; University of North Carolina At Chapel Hill
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9707787	A1	19970306	WO 96-US12569	19960731
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA				
US	5834017	A	19981110	US 95-519689	19950825
US	5766629	A	19980616	US 96-620021	19960321
US	5827822	A	19981027	US 96-622516	19960325
AU	9666441	A1	19970319	AU 96-66441	19960731

EP 789561	A1	19970820	EP 96-926214	19960731	
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE					
BR 9606603	A	19970930	BR 96-6603	19960731	
JP 10509462	T2	19980914	JP 96-510271	19960731	
WO 9735603	A1	19971002	WO 97-US4627	19970321	
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM					
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG					
AU 9722190	A1	19971017	AU 97-22190	19970321	
NO 9701890	A	19970424	NO 97-1890	19970424	
PRAI	US 95-519689	19950825			
	US 96-620021	19960321			
	US 96-622516	19960325			
	WO 96-US12569	19960731			
	WO 97-US4627	19970321			
AB	Improved oral cyclosporin formulations which have high bioavailability and are capable of administration in hard capsules of nanoparticles are provided. In the subject formulation, cyclosporin is delivered in an orally acceptable vehicle comprising at least one alkanol solvent of 2-3 carbons in combination with at least one nonionic surfactant. The subject formulations may further comprise at least one cosolvent, where cosolvents of interest include fatty acids and diols. The subject formulations find use in immuno-suppressive therapy. For example, 5 g of cyclosporin A was added to 5 mL of ethanol and to the resulting soln. 15 g of Polysorbate 80 was added and the vol. was completed to 50 mL by a mixt. of propylene glycol and polyethylene glycol 400. The mixt. was sufficiently stirred at room temp. until a homogeneous soln. was formed.				
IT	57-55-6, Propylene glycol , biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol , biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oral cyclosporin formulations for immunosuppressive therapy)				

L39	ANSWER 7 OF 12	HCAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS		
AN	1996:417999	HCAPLUS			
DN	125:67790				
TI	Pharmaceutical microemulsion preconcentrates containing cyclosporins and macrolides				
IN	Cottens, Sylvain; Haeberlin, Barbara; Sedrani, Richard; Vonderscher, Jacky				
PA	Sandoz Ltd., Switz.; Sandoz-Patent-Gmbh; Sandoz-Erfindungen Verwaltungsgesellschaft Mbh				
SO	PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2				
DT	Patent				
LA	English				
FAN.CNT	1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9613273	A1	19960509	WO 95-EP4187	19951025

W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
 FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU,
 LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG,
 SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT
 RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR,
 IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
 ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 CA 2200967 AA 19960509 CA 95-2200967 19951025
 AU 9539248 A1 19960523 AU 95-39248 19951025
 GB 2308545 A1 19970702 GB 97-7483 19951025
 EP 787011 A1 19970806 EP 95-937005 19951025
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT,
 SE
 BR 9509496 A 19970930 BR 95-9496 19951025
 DE 19581805 T 19971016 DE 95-19581805 19951025
 HU 76858 A2 19971229 HU 97-1512 19951025
 JP 10509699 T2 19980922 JP 95-514302 19951025
 FI 9700995 A 19970425 FI 97-995 19970310
 NO 9701898 A 19970624 NO 97-1898 19970424
 PRAI GB 94-21613 19941026
 GB 94-22084 19941102
 GB 94-25353 19941215
 GB 95-17133 19950822
 WO 95-EP4187 19951025

AB A **microemulsion** preconc. comprises a difficultly sol. active agent and a carrier medium comprising (1) a hydrophilic phase contg. di-Me isosorbide and/or a lower alkyl alkanoic ester, (2) a lipophilic phase, and (3) a surfactant. The active agent may be a **cyclosporin** or a macrolide. The preconc., combined with an acid, may be used to prep. a pharmaceutical compn. for enteral or parenteral administration. Thus, soft gelatin capsules were filled with **ciclosporin** 100, di-Me isosorbide 150, Labrafil M2125CS 320, Cremophor RH40 380, and **Etoh** 50 mg.

IT 79217-60-0, **Cyclosporin**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pharmaceutical **microemulsion** preconcs. contg. **cyclosporins** and macrolides)

L39 ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1996:209937 HCAPLUS
 DN 124:242363
 TI Stable pharmaceutical **lipid emulsions** containing oils and **emulsifiers** and lecithins
 IN Suzuki, Hidekazu; Yamazaki, Satoshi; Naito, Yoshikazu; Endo, Kenji; Oguma, Touru; Maeda, Makoto
 PA Wakamoto Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Can. Pat. Appl., 77 pp.
 CODEN: CPXXEB
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	CA 2153553	AA	19960114	CA 95-2153553	19950710
	US 5693337	A	19971202	US 95-500087	19950710
	EP 700678	A1	19960313	EP 95-110923	19950712
	R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
	JP 08081360	A2	19960326	JP 95-197896	19950712

PRAI JP 94-183045 19940713

AB A **lipid emulsion** which comprises (A) an oil component, (B) an **emulsifying** agent contg. yolk lecithin and/or soybean lecithin, and (C) water, wherein the **lipid emulsion** further comprises citric acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and at least one member selected from the group consisting of methionine, phenylalanine, serine, histidine and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, provided that it does not simultaneously contain methionine and phenylalanine. The **emulsion** does not change of color and formation of oil drops assocd. with the conventional natural lecithin-contg. **lipid emulsions** due to the synergistic effect of the foregoing additives. The drug contg. **lipid emulsion** is also excellent in storage stability and thus the foregoing **lipid emulsion** can be applied to drugs such as injections, eye drops, nasal drips, lotions or liniments, inhalants and drugs for oral administration or cosmetics such as humectants. A soln. of 0.012 g of fluorometholone in 20 mL of **ethanol** was added to a soln. of 20 mL hexane: **ethanol** (10:1) contg. 0.54 g of yolk lecithin and 0.06 g of yolk **phosphatidylethanolamine** and mixed, followed by evapn. of solvent to obtain a **lipid** film. To the **lipid** film was added 5.4 g of soybean oil and 94 mL of 2% glycerin aq. soln. followed by vigorous stirring through shaking to carry out preliminary **emulsification**. The preliminarily **emulsified** liq. was passed through microfluidizer 10 times under a pressure of 750 kg/cm² to **emulsify** the liq., the pH value of the **emulsified** liq. was adjusted to 6.5-7.5 to give a milk white stock **lipid emulsion**.

L39 ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1996:73299 HCAPLUS
 DN 124:97778
 TI Pharmaceutical compositions derived from **microemulsion**-based gels
 IN Backlund, Sune; Eriksson, Folke; Rantala, Maria; Rantala, Pertti; Varho, Kari
 PA Leiras Oy, Finland
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9531969	A1	19951130	WO 95-FI234	19950428
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT				
	RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	FI 9402387	A	19951125	FI 94-2387	19940524
	CA 2190869	AA	19951130	CA 95-2190869	19950428
	AU 9523091	A1	19951218	AU 95-23091	19950428
	EP 760651	A1	19970312	EP 95-916686	19950428
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				

JP 10500675 T2 19980120 JP 95-530069 19950428
 PRAI FI 94-2387 19940524
 WO 95-FI234 19950428

AB A pharmaceutical compn. comprises a **microemulsion** made up of a hydrophilic component, a lipophilic component, a surfactant, and a drug, wherein the hydrophilic component, the lipophilic component and the surfactant form, when examd. on a macroscopic scale, an one-phase soln. The hydrophilic component is dispersed as colloidal droplets in the lipophilic component, or the lipophilic component is dispersed as colloidal droplets in the hydrophilic component. Alternatively the hydrophilic and the lipophilic components form a **microemulsion** with bicontinuous structure wherein the components form elongated adjacent channels. The drug is dissolved in the dispersed component or, in case of a **microemulsion** with a bicontinuous structure, in the hydrophilic or the lipophilic component. The **microemulsion** is stabilized by means of the surfactant. It is characteristic that a gelatinizer and water are added to the **microemulsion** thereby bringing the **microemulsion** into a gel form. A **microemulsion**-based gel contg. **ciclosporin** with agar as gelatinizer was formulated contg. lecithin 14.3, **ethanol** 20.6, water 54.6, castor oil 1.7, **ciclosporin** 5.0, and agar 3.8%.

L39 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1995:690077 HCAPLUS
 DN 123:65851
 TI Liquid pharmaceutical compositions containing **cyclosporins**
 IN Walch, Hatto; Fleck, Monika; Neuer, Klaus
 PA Dr. Rentschler Arzneimittel G.m.b.H. und Co., Germany
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 5 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 656212	A1	19950607	EP 94-117612	19941108
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	DE 4340781	C2	19951109	DE 93-4340781	19931130
	NO 9404567	A	19950531	NO 94-4567	19941129
	FI 9405619	A	19950531	FI 94-5619	19941129
	HU 68795	A2	19950728	HU 94-3420	19941129
	CA 2137025	AA	19950531	CA 94-2137025	19941130
	JP 07252162	A2	19951003	JP 94-297074	19941130
	US 5614491	A	19970325	US 94-347289	19941130

PRAI DE 93-4340781 19931130

AB **Cyclosporins** are solubilized in aq. media for oral or parenteral administration by addn. of an ethoxylated glycerin fatty acid monoester and .gtoreq.1 mono- or polyvalent alcs.

IT 79217-60-0, **Cyclosporin**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (liq. pharmaceutical compns. contg. **cyclosporins**)

IT 57-55-6, **Propylene glycol**, biological

studies 64-17-5, **Ethanol**, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (liq. pharmaceutical compns. contg. **cyclosporins**)

IT **67660-31-5**

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (solubilizer; liq. pharmaceutical compns. contg.
cyclosporins)

L39 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1994:280318 HCAPLUS

DN 120:280318

TI Pharmaceutical preparations containing N-methylated cyclic
 undecapeptides

IN Stuchlik, Milan; Pavelek, Zdenek; Markovic, Lubos

PA Galena, Statni Podnik, Czech Rep.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9405312	A1	19940317	WO 93-CZ22	19930903
	W: AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, UA, US, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	CZ 278863	B6	19940713	CZ 92-2770	19920907
	SK 278290	B6	19960807	SK 92-2770	19920907
	EP 659084	A1	19950628	EP 93-918877	19930903
	EP 659084	B1	19970319		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 08501088	T2	19960206	JP 93-506724	19930903
	AT 150315	E	19970415	AT 93-918877	19930903
	HU 75681	A2	19970528	HU 95-668	19930903
	ES 2102052	T3	19970716	ES 93-918877	19930903
	US 5670478	A	19970923	US 95-387914	19950222
	LV 11885	B	19980320	LV 97-138	19970711
PRAI	CS 92-2770		19920907		
	WO 93-CZ22		19930903		

OS MARPAT 120:280318

AB Pharmaceutical preps. contg. N-methylated cyclic undecapeptides
 such as **cyclosporins** comprise 0.1-20 wt. parts of
cyclosporins, 0.3-60 wt. parts of **emulsifiers**
 contg. anhyd. mannitol oleylether and/or lactoglyceride and/or
 citroglyceride, 0.1-10 wt. parts of **emulsion stabilizers**
 contg. aluminum magnesium hydroxystearate as a lipogel and 0.2-40
 wt. parts of solvents composed of 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-2,5-di-O-methyl-
 D-glucitol and/or 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidone and/or
ethanol. **Ciclosporin** (I) 1.500, Arlasolve DMI
 2.250, Montanide 103 2.500, Axol C62 0.0500, Gilugel MIG 1.000kg,
 and Miglyol812 q.s. 12.000L were mixed and filled into gelatin
 capsules in such a way that capsules contained 75 or 150 mg of I.

IT **1341-72-6**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (anhyd., pharmaceutical preps. contg. N-methylated cyclic
 undecapeptides and)

IT **79217-60-0D, Cyclosporin, N-methylated**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (pharmaceutical preps. contg.)

L39 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS
 AN 1992:113562 HCAPLUS
 DN 116:113562
 TI **Cyclosporin** formulation containing a lung surfactant fraction
 IN Decker, Karl Ludwig; Rattke, Wilfried; Geissler, Sabine; Schubert, Eberhard; Dauth, Christoph
 PA Arzneimittelwerk Dresden G.m.b.H., Germany
 SO Ger. (East), 4 pp.
 CODEN: GEXXA8

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DD 295766	A5	19911114	DD 88-320577	19881010

AB **Cyclosporins** are dissolved in org. solvents and **emulsified** with a fraction of the native lungs surfactant (compr. given), optionally with addn. of hydrophilic carbohydrates. **Cyclosporin A** (1.7 g) in 8 mL **EtoH** was **emulsified** with 3.3 g lung surfactant **phospholipid** fraction. The **emulsions** are optionally lyophilized. The formulations have high bioavailability.

IT 79217-60-0, **Cyclosporin**

RL: PROC (Process)
 (formulation of, with lung surfactant **phospholipid** fraction)

=> fil wpids

FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 12:34:13 ON 31 DEC 1998
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 DEC 1998 <19981223/UP>

>>>UPDATE WEEKS:

MOST RECENT DERWENT WEEK 199851 <199851/DW>
 DERWENT WEEK FOR CHEMICAL CODING: 199846
 DERWENT WEEK FOR POLYMER INDEXING: 199848
 DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

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>>> INDEXING UPDATE CODES JUMP FORWARD TO 9901 - SEE NEWS <<<

=> d his 142-

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:13:19 ON 31 DEC 1998
 SEL PN APPS L2

FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 12:14:40 ON 31 DEC 1998

L42 1 S E26-E32
 E R09568/DCN
 E E3+ALL/DCN
 E R20748/DCN
 E E3+ALL/DCN

E R04466/DCN
 E E3+ALL/DCN
 E R04466/DCN
 L43 406 S E3-E12
 L44 1270 S (B02-C01 OR C02-C01)/MC OR ?CYCLOSPORIN? OR ?CICLOSPORI
 L45 1383 S L43-L44
 L46 0 S PSC 833 OR PSC833 OR SDZPSC833 OR SDZPSC 833 OR VALSPOD
 E VALSPODAR/DCN
 L47 52860 S R0245/DCN OR 2045/DRN OR ETHANOL OR ETOH OR ETHYLALC? O
 L48 77 S L45 AND L47
 E OLEIC/DCN
 E E5+ALL/DCN
 L49 3560 S R00954/DCN OR 0954/DRN
 L50 38 S (R21150 OR R06299 OR R03633 OR R22299 OR R13302 OR R051
 L51 124 S (R18738 OR R14856 OR R05310 OR R14104 OR R01148 OR R053
 L52 1 S (21150 OR 6299 OR 3633 OR 22299 OR 13302 OR 5138 OR 363
 L53 536 S (18738 OR 14856 OR 5310 OR 14104 OR 1148 OR 5351 OR 637
 L54 9392 S OLEIC OR OLEATE OR OCTADECENOIC OR OCTA() (DECENOIC OR D
 L55 6 S L48 AND L49-L54
 L56 6 S L48 AND (1833/DRN OR R01833/DCN)
 L57 7 S L48 AND ?LIPID?
 L58 9 S L48 AND ?GLYCEROL?
 L59 4 S L48 AND (R00113/DRN OR 0113/DRN)
 L60 22 S L55-L59
 L61 6 S L60 AND ?EMULS?
 L62 5 SEA L60 AND R022/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
 L63 0 S (B12-M02 OR C12-M03)/MC AND L48
 L64 8 S (B12-M03 OR C12-M03)/MC AND L48
 L65 11 SEA L48 AND R022/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
 L66 14 S ?EMULS? AND L48
 L67 17 S L61,L62,L64-L66
 E A61K009-107/IC
 L68 1332 S E3
 E A61K009-107/ICM
 L69 409 S E3
 E A61K009-107/ICS
 L70 918 S E3
 E A61K009-107/ICA
 L71 27 S E3
 E A61K009-107/ICI
 L72 11 S L48 AND L68-L71
 L73 18 S L72,L67
 L74 7 S L73 AND L60
 L75 26 S L60,L73 NOT L74

FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 12:34:13 ON 31 DEC 1998

=> d all tot 174

L74 ANSWER 1 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 97-447394 [41] WPIDS
 DNC C97-142635
 TI **Cyclosporin emulsions** used as
 immuno-suppressants - contain synthetic medium-chain tri glyceride
 and **phospholipid**.
 DC B04 B05 B07
 IN MISHRA, A; PARIKH, I
 PA (RETR-N) RES TRIANGLE PHARM LTD; (RETR-N) RES TRIANGLE PHARM

CYC 76

PI US 5660858 A 970826 (9741)* 6 pp A61K009-107 <--
 EP 799620 A1 971008 (9745) EN 11 pp A61K038-13
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
 WO 9736611 A1 971009 (9746) EN 21 pp A61K038-13
 RW: EA GH KE LS MW OA SD SZ UG
 W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI
 GB GE HU IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG
 MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK TJ TM TR TT UA
 UG UZ VN
 AU 9725885 A 971022 (9808) A61K038-13
 ADT US 5660858 A US 96-627187 960403; EP 799620 A1 EP 97-302298 970403;
 WO 9736611 A1 WO 97-US4794 970326; AU 9725885 A AU 97-25885 970326
 FDT AU 9725885 A Based on WO 9736611
 PRAI US 96-627187 960403
 IC ICM **A61K009-107; A61K038-13**
 ICS A61K035-13; A61K047-12; A61K047-14; A61K047-24; A61K047-44
 AB US 5660858 A UPAB: 971013
 Pharmaceutical composition (A) comprises an oil-in-water emulsion composed of a synthetic medium chain triglyceride containing primarily C8-C12 fatty acid chains with dissolved **cyclosporin, phospholipid** and an aqueous phase.

Also claimed are:

(1) a pharmaceutical composition (B) comprising an oil-in-water emulsion composed of a synthetic medium chain triglyceride containing primarily C8-C12 fatty acid chains with dissolved **cyclosporin, phospholipid**, a free fatty acid or its salt and an aqueous phase, and

(2) a method of preparing a stable emulsion of **cyclosporin** comprising:

(a) dissolving **cyclosporin** in a synthetic medium chain triglyceride to which has been added a **cyclosporin** solubility enhancing amount of an unsaturated free fatty acid or a salt thereof and **phospholipid** to produce an oil phase;

(b) preparing an aqueous phase containing water and optionally an antioxidant, preservative, osmotic modifier, salt, **glycerol**, ionic surfactant or nonionic surfactant;

(c) mixing the oil phase with the aqueous phase and subjecting the mixture to homogenizing conditions to prepare a stable **cyclosporin** emulsion in which substantially all of the particles have a size < 1 μ m.

USE - The compositions containing **cyclosporins** are immunosuppressants.

ADVANTAGE - Objects are to provide a **cyclosporin** preparation with a high drug payload, without potentially toxic organic solvents such as **ethanol** and **cremophors**, which can be used parenterally, and which can be heat sterilised.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: B02-C01; B12-M03

L74 ANSWER 2 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 97-156545 [15] WPIDS
 DNC C97-050209
 TI Preconcentrate compsn. for admin. of water-insoluble drugs, esp. **cyclosporin** - comprise vegetable oil glyceride cpds., lecithin and another surfactant, and is mixed with hydrophilic phase to give stable oil-in-water **microemulsion**.

DC A96 B05 B07
 IN HAMIED, Y K; MALHOTRA, G; NAYAK, V G
 PA (CIPL-N) CIPLA LTD
 CYC 17
 PI EP 760237 A1 970305 (9715)* EN 11 pp A61K009-107 <--
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI NL PT SE
 AU 9662162 A 970306 (9718) A61K009-113
 ZA 9607034 A 970430 (9723) 20 pp A61K000-00
 ADT EP 760237 A1 EP 95-306022 950830; AU 9662162 A AU 96-62162 960820;
 ZA 9607034 A ZA 96-7034 960819
 PRAI EP 95-306022 950830
 REP DE 3225706; EP 327280; EP 429248; EP 521799; EP 589843; EP 651995;
 FR 2636534; GB 2222770; WO 9318752
 IC ICM A61K000-00; **A61K009-107**; A61K009-113
 ICS A61K038-13; A61K047-44
 AB EP 760237 A UPAB: 970410
 Compsn. in the form of a preconcentrate for mixing with a hydrophilic phase to form a **microemulsion** comprises: (a) a water-insoluble pharmaceutically active material; (b) 8-20C fatty acid mono-, di- or triglycerides from a vegetable oil, or a mixt. of at least 2 of these; and (c) a **phospholipid** and another surfactant. Component (a) is directly dissolved in (b), and (c) is such that when the compsn. is mixed with a hydrophilic phase, a stable oil-in-water **microemulsion** is formed. In the **microemulsion**, (a) is in soln. in the micro dispersed oil particles, and the preconcentrate is free from a hydrophilic phase. Also claimed is a stable oil-in-water **emulsion** comprising (a), (b), and (c) as above, and a hydrophilic phase (d) in which (a) is directly dissolved in (b), (b) is dispersed as tiny particles in (d) and the compsn. is free from **ethanol**.
 USE - The oil-in-water compsn. is useful in soft gelatin capsules (claimed) contg. an oral admin. fluid, in which the active ingredient is a **cyclosporin**, another water insoluble peptide, an insoluble antimicrobial or antineoplastic substance.
 ADVANTAGE - The compsn. reduces or eliminates the undesirable tendency of formation of solid microfine particles of the drug during use, e.g. after admin. The drug remains in the lipophilic (oil) phase which is distributed throughout the aq. phase as very tiny particles, allowing easy uptake by the body, and is not pptd. out of the oil soln.
 Dwg.0/0
 FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A03-C01; A12-V01; A12-W05; B04-B01C1; B04-C01C; B04-C03C;
 B04-N03A; B05-B01P; B10-E04C; B10-G02; **B12-M03**;
 B14-A01; B14-H01
 L74 ANSWER 3 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 95-171707 [23] WPIDS
 DNC C95-079750
 TI Pharmaceutical preps for oral use contg. **cyclosporin**(s) - also contain a natural oil, 3-sn-phosphatidyl choline and/or phosphatidyl ethanolamine and water.
 DC B04
 IN DIETL, H
 PA (DIET-I) DIETL H
 CYC 5
 PI EP 651995 A1 950510 (9523)* DE 11 pp A61K009-107 <--
 R: DE FR GB IT

DE 4338086 A1 950511 (9524) A61K038-13
 US 5529785 A 960625 (9631) 7 pp A61K009-127
 US 5637317 A 970610 (9729) # 7 pp A61K009-127
 ADT EP 651995 A1 EP 94-117613 941108; DE 4338086 A1 DE 93-4338086
 931108; US 5529785 A CIP of US 93-60564 930512, US 94-335298 941107;
 US 5637317 A CIP of US 93-60654 930512, Div ex US 94-335298 941107,
 US 96-610820 960308

FDT US 5637317 A CIP of US 5527537, Div ex US 5529785
 PRAI DE 93-4338086 931108; US 96-610820 960308

REP EP 391369; EP 41772

IC ICM **A61K009-107**; A61K009-127; A61K038-13
 ICS A61K009-48; A61K009-66; B01J013-02

AB EP 651995 A UPAB: 961211

Pharmaceutical preps. contg. **cyclosporins** suitable for oral use contain one or more **cyclosporins**, one or more oils of natural origin, 3-sn-phosphatidyl choline and/or phosphatidyl ethanolamine and water.

USE - **Cyclosporins** can be used as immunosuppressants esp. during organ transplants. They can also be used in the treatment of diabetes and psoriasis and many autoimmune diseases, e.g. rheumatic arthritis, endogenous uveitis, etc. The preps. can be used orally.

ADVANTAGE - **Cyclosporins** have proved difficult to bring into soln. in forms suitable for oral use. The pharmaceutical preps. have improved (increased) and more uniform resorption of the lipophilic **cyclosporins** on oral use than previously possible. Thus the **cyclosporins** can be more accurately dosed, and the occurrence and severity of side effects reduced. The pharmaceutical prep. can be made up so the **cyclosporin** is released in the stomach or so that it passes unchanged through the stomach and is first released in the small intestine. The use of possibly harmful auxiliaries such as **ethanol** and/or poly(oxyethylene) derivs. can be avoided.

Dwg.0/2

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: **B02-C01**; B04-B01B; B04-B01C; B14-C09B; B14-G02;
 B14-H01B; B14-N03; B14-N17C; B14-S04

L74 ANSWER 4 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 95-007788 [02] WPIDS

DNC C95-002808

TI Pharmaceutical preparations contg macrolide antibiotics - contain, as the carrier, a mixt of a hydrophilic phase, a lipophilic phase and a surfactant.

DC B02

IN FRICKER, G; HAEBERLIN, B; MEINZER, A; VONDERSCHER, J
 PA (SANO) SANDOZ SA; (FRIC-I) FRICKER G; (SANO) SANDOZ AG; (SANO)
 SANDOZ PATENT GMBH; (SANO) SANDOZ LTD; (NOVS) NOVARTIS AG

CYC 9

PI DE 4418115 A1 941201 (9502)*	10 pp	A61K031-33	
GB 2278780 A 941214 (9502)		A61K009-107	<--
FR 2705566 A1 941202 (9503)	24 pp	A61K009-107	<--
CA 2124259 A 941128 (9509)		A61K031-71	
JP 07138161 A 950530 (9530)	10 pp	A61K031-435	
BE 1008329 A3 960402 (9620)		A61K000-00	
CH 686761 A5 960628 (9631)		A61K031-435	
ES 2098180 A1 970416 (9722)		A61K009-107	<--
GB 2315216 A 980128 (9807)	22 pp	A61K009-107	<--

IT 1272992 B 970701 (9812) A61K000-00
 ES 2098180 B1 980701 (9832) A61K009-107 <--
 GB 2278780 B 981014 (9843) A61K009-107 <--
 GB 2315216 B 981014 (9843) A61K009-107 <--
 ADT DE 4418115 A1 DE 94-4418115 940524; GB 2278780 A GB 94-10252 940523;
 FR 2705566 A1 FR 94-6515 940526; CA 2124259 A CA 94-2124259 940525;
 JP 07138161 A JP 94-112554 940526; BE 1008329 A3 BE 94-531 940526;
 CH 686761 A5 CH 94-1564 940520; ES 2098180 A1 ES 94-1166 940526; GB
 2315216 A Derived from GB 94-10252 940523, GB 97-22958 971030; IT
 1272992 B IT 94-RM324 940524; ES 2098180 B1 ES 94-1166 940526; GB
 2278780 B GB 94-10252 940523; GB 2315216 B Derived from GB 94-10252
 940523, GB 97-22958 971030
 PRAI GB 93-10974 930527; GB 93-20463 931005
 IC ICM A61K000-00; **A61K009-107**; A61K031-33; A61K031-435;
 A61K031-71
 ICS A61K009-10; A61K009-48; A61K031-70; A61K038-00; A61K047-06;
 A61K047-10; A61K047-14; A61K047-44; B01J013-00; C07D498-18;
 C07H019-01
 ICI A61K031-71, A61K047:06; A61K047-10, A61K047:14, A61K047:44;
 C07D211:60, C07D273:01, C07D309:10, C07D498-

AB DE 4418115 A UPAB: 950117

A pharmaceutical preparation comprises a macrolide and a carrier consisting of a hydrophilic phase, a lipophilic phase and a surfactant.

Also claimed is a **microemulsion** preconcentrate carrier (or an agent suitable for oral use which is other than a **cyclosporin**) consisting of (i) a reaction prod. of castor oil and ethylene oxide; (ii) a re-esterification prod. of a plant oil and glycerine consisting mainly of mono-, di- and tri-glycerine of linoleic and **oleic** acid or a polyoxyalkylated plant oil; (iii) 1,2-propylene glycol; and (iv) **ethanol**.

The pharmaceutical composition is in the form of an **emulsion**- or **microemulsion**-preconcentrate.

The lipophilic phase comprises 10-85 wt.% of the carrier, the surfactant 5-80 wt.% of the carrier and the hydrophilic phase 10-50 wt.% of the carrier.

The compositions pref. contain rapamycin class cpds. esp. FK506 in an amt. of 2-15 wt.%.

USE - The pharmaceutical preparations contain macrolides such as rapamycin which can be used as an antibiotic with a wide range of applications, esp. for immunosuppression in the treatment and prophylaxis of organ transplant rejection and autoimmune diseases.

Rapamycin-type cpds. also have antitumour and antifungal activity.

ADVANTAGE - The use of the special carrier facilitates the formulation of stable preparations contg. macrolides with high and uniform bioavailability esp. when used orally.

Thus the macrolide can be administered in lower doses than previously possible, reducing the problems associated with macrolide toxicity.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: B02-R; B04-B01C1; B10-E04C; B10-E04D; **B12-M03**;
 B14-A04; B14-G02; B14-H01B

L74 ANSWER 5 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 93-370256 [47] WPIDS
 DNC C93-164241

TI Pharmaceutical prepn. contg. **cyclosporin(s)** for intravenous use - comprise natural oils in which the **cyclosporin(s)** are dissolved surrounded by a coating of phosphatidyl-choline and/or phosphatidyl **ethanol** amine and water.

DC B04 B05

IN DIETL, H

PA (DIETL-I) DIETL H; (DIETL-I) DIETLE H

CYC 6

PI EP 570829 A1 931124 (9347)* DE 15 pp A61K037-02
R: DE FR GB IT
DE 4315921 A1 931125 (9348) 9 pp A61K037-02
JP 06279307 A 941004 (9444) 9 pp A61K037-02
US 5527537 A 960618 (9630) 8 pp A61K009-127
US 5622714 A 970422 (9722) # 8 pp A61K009-127

ADT EP 570829 A1 EP 93-107728 930512; DE 4315921 A1 DE 93-4315921 930512; JP 06279307 A JP 93-139515 930518; US 5527537 A US 93-60564 930512; US 5622714 A Div ex US 93-60564 930512, US 96-623432 960328

FDT US 5622714 A Div ex US 5527537

PRAI DE 92-4216373 920518; US 96-623432 960328

REP 8.Jnl.Ref ; EP 361928; JP 04253907; JP 61249918

IC ICM A61K009-127; A61K037-02
ICS **A61K009-107**; A61K047-10; A61K047-12; A61K047-24;
A61K047-44; B01J013-02

ICA C07K007-64

AB EP 570829 A UPAB: 940111
Pharmaceutical compositions contg. **cyclosporins** contain one or more **cyclosporins**, one or more natural oils, 3-sn-phosphatidyl choline and/or phosphatidyl **ethanol** amine and water.
The compositions also contain pharmaceutically acceptable fatty acids and/or alkali salts of free fatty acids. The **cyclosporin** is a natural and/or synthetic **cyclosporin** deriv., pref. **cyclosporin** A and/or G and/or SDZ 1MM 125. The 3-sn-phosphatidyl choline is in the form of a 3-sn-phosphatidyl choline contg. substance, pref. egg or soya lecithin, and can be partially or completley hydrogenated.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The pharmaceutical compositions contain neither alcohol nor poly(oxyethylene)-40-castor oil and are suitable for intravenous use; thus the problems associated with previously used **cyclosporin**-contg. injection and infusion solns.. The compositions can be made up to contain high **cyclosporin** concns. The compositions can be used e.g. as immunosuppressives esp. during organ transplantations and in treating other diseases, e.g. psoriasis and diabetes and many anutommune diseases e.g. rheumatic arthritis, endogenous uveitis.

Dwg.0/1

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B04-B01B; B04-C01; B05-B01P; B12-A07; B12-D02B; B12-D03; B12-H05

L74 ANSWER 6 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 92-183386 [22] WPIDS

CR 92-183387 [22]; 92-183403 [22]

DNC C92-083974

TI **Lipid emulsion** rapid prepn. for intravenous pharmaceutical - by adding sodium chloride, for antiinflammatory, antibiotic, antitumour agents of specific particle dia..

DC B02 B07
 IN SEKI, J; TAKAHASHI, Y; USHIMARU, K; YAMAMOTO, H; YAMANE, S
 PA (NNSH) NIPPON SHINYAKU CO LTD
 CYC 16
 PI WO 9207551 A1 920514 (9222)* JA 19 pp A61K009-107 <--
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LU NL SE
 W: JP US
 JP 03517231 X 921105 (9251) 19 pp A61K031-71
 JP 03517233 X 921105 (9251) 19 pp A61K009-107 <--
 EP 556392 A1 930825 (9334) EN 14 pp A61K031-71
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
 EP 556394 A1 930825 (9334) EN 11 pp A61K009-14
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
 US 5534502 A 960709 (9633) 8 pp A61K031-20
 JP 2616240 B2 970604 (9727) 6 pp A61K009-107 <--
 ADT WO 9207551 A1 WO 91-JP1510 911105; JP 03517231 X JP 91-517231
 911105, WO 91-JP1508 911105; JP 03517233 X JP 91-517233 911105, WO
 91-JP1510 911105; EP 556392 A1 EP 91-918942 911105, WO 91-JP1508
 911105; EP 556394 A1 EP 91-918946 911105, WO 91-JP1509 911105; US
 5534502 A Cont of US 93-50215 930621, US 95-418861 950407; JP
 2616240 B2 JP 91-517233 911105, WO 91-JP1510 911105
 FDT JP 03517231 X Based on WO 9207571; JP 03517233 X Based on WO
 9207551; EP 556392 A1 Based on WO 9207571; EP 556394 A1 Based on WO
 9207552; JP 2616240 B2 Based on WO 9207551
 PRAI JP 90-301639 901106; JP 90-301640 901106; JP 90-312056 901116;
 JP 90-312058 901116
 REP AU 9063591; EP 100459; EP 215313; EP 317120; EP 391369; JP 01160915;
 JP 02290809; JP 49090705; JP 53056315; JP 59010511; JP 60115517; JP
 62067018; JP 64016716; US 4784845; WO 9102517; EP 315079; JP
 01249716; JP 02000203; JP 62029513; EP 211257; EP 256285; JP
 63023811
 IC ICM **A61K009-107**; A61K009-14; A61K031-20; A61K031-71
 ICS A61K031-44; A61K047-02; A61K047-26; A61K047-30; A61K047-44
 AB WO 9207551 A UPAB: 931006
 Prodn. comprises including 0.01-0.2 90 (w/v) NaCl in an
 emulsion of 0.5-30% (w/v) of simple **lipid**, 0.15-2
 pts. wt. **phospholipid** per wt. pt. **lipid** and
 water. The average size of the **lipid** particles is 10-100
 nm.
 USE/ADVANTAGE - Produces high concns. of material without
 blocking or escaping from the blood vessel. The **emulsion**
 is formed using a homogeniser, ultrasonic generator etc. NaCl
 reduces the time required for formation of the **emulsion** by
 1/3-1/2, reducing the oxidn. of **lipid** etc. during the
 process. The **emulsion** is stable. Energy required reduced.
 0/0
 FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: B04-B01B; B05-B01P; **B12-M03**
 L74 ANSWER 7 OF 7 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 88-078811 [12] WPIDS
 CR 88-057693 [09]; 88-065553 [10]; 88-078810 [12]; 88-092939 [14];
 88-092940 [14]; 88-339185 [48]; 92-383764 [47]; 92-400569 [49]
 DNC C88-035277
 TI Pharmaceutical compsn. contg. of cationic surfactant micelles - made
 from N-alkylated quat. heterocyclic cpds., and active ingredient,
 for rapid and complete delivery of e.g antibiotic.
 DC B02 B03 B05 B07 C03

IN PARADIES, H H; PARADIES, H
 PA (MEDI-N) MEDICE CHEM-PHARM; (MEDI-N) MEDICE CHEM-PHARM PUTTER GMBH
 CYC 14
 PI EP 260429 A 880323 (8812)* DE 181 pp
 R: AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
 US 4882435 A 891121 (9005) 41 pp
 US 5133973 A 920728 (9233) 40 pp A61K037-22
 US 5118808 A 920602 (9316) # 43 pp C07D259-02
 ADT EP 260429 A EP 87-111386 870806; US 4882435 A US 89-321436 890309;
 US 5133973 A Div ex US 87-82899 870806, US 90-528299 900524
 FDT US 5133973 A Div ex US 4965357; US 5118808 A Div ex US 4965357
 PRAI DE 86-3626700 860807; EP 87-111386 870806
 REP 17Jnl.Ref ; A3...9116 ; DE 1213413; DE 1620362; DE 2442706; DE
 2706838; DE 820949; EP 3211; GB 1364312; GB 1474630; GB 870415; JP
 59170011; JP 68012354; No-SR.Pub ; US 2643967
 IC ICM A61K037-22; C07D259-02
 ICS A61K009-10; A61K047-00; C07D209-00; C07D213-00; C07D231-00;
 C07D233-00; C07D235-00; C07D239-00; C07D241-00; C07D277-00;
 C07D285-06; C07D473-00
 AB EP 260429 A UPAB: 930923
 Pharmaceutical compsn. consists of a micelle made of a cationic
 surfactant (I) with a monovalent anion and hydrophobic,
 pharmaceutically active ingredient (II), dispersed in a solvent of
 pH below 7. The critical micellar concn. is 0.1 microM - 0.15mM/l.
 Surfactants of formulae (Ia) and (Ib) are new: gp. (i) is opt.
 substd. pyridinium, imidazolium (4,5-d)pyrimidine, imidazolium,
 pyrazolium, thiazolium, benzothiazolium or benzimidazolium gp., or
 substd. pyrazinium; x = 8-20; Y = Cl, Br, I, formate, acetate,
 propionate, HSO4, malate, fumarate, salicylate, alignate, gluconate
 or ETSO4; X1 and X2 = phenyl (opt. 4; 3,5 or 1,2,4,5 substd.).
 Formulations contain 0.01-0.1 (esp. 0.08-0.1)wt.% (I) and
 0.001-0.5 wt.% (II) in 99.4-99.989 wt.% solvent. The pref. solvent
 is water, opt. used together with glycerol, ETOH
 and/or DMSO.
 USE/ADVANTAGE - These compsns. are very stable and ensure rapid
 and complete delivery of (II) to the required site.
 In an example, 5mg 4-(17-tritriacontyl)-N- methylpyridinium
 chloride and 1-2mg amphotericin B were dissolved in 10 ml 2:1
 CHC-z-MeOH under N2 at 25 deg.C, then the soln. evaporated to form a
 thin film. This was shaken in 15 ml water for 5-10 min, then treated
 with ultra-sound until the mixt. was no longer opalescent. The mixt.
 was opt. adjusted to pH 5.5-6.5 with phosphate-buffered saline, then
 ultrafiltered (0.05 micron) in presence of Ca or Mg ions to recover
 a compsn. contg. vesicles of uniform size below 5000 nm.
 0/16
 FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: B02-C01; B02-D; B02-T; B05-A02; B05-A03A; B05-A03B;
 B06-D05; B06-D09; B06-F01; B07-H; B10-A22; B12-A01; B12-A02C;
 B12-A06; B12-G07; B12-M09; C02-C01; C02-D; C02-T;
 C05-A02; C05-A03A; C05-A03B; C06-D05; C06-D09; C06-F01; C07-H;
 C10-A22; C12-A01; C12-A02C; C12-A06; C12-G07; C12-M09

=> d all tot 175

L75 ANSWER 1 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 98-531542 [45] WPIDS
 CR 98-044146 [05]; 98-062845 [06]

DNC C98-159409
 TI Composition for oral delivery of **cyclosporin** - contains polyethylene glycol and/or propylene carbonate, surfactant and oil component e.g. esterified compound of fatty acid and primary alcohol.
 DC A25 A96 B04
 IN WOO, J S
 PA (NOVS) NOVARTIS AG; (NOVS) NOVARTIS-ERFINDUNGEN VERW GES MBH
 CYC 81
 PI WO 9841225 A1 980924 (9845)* EN 22 pp A61K038-13

RW: AT BE CH DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW
 NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW
 W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI
 GB GE GH GM GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
 LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
 TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW

ADT WO 9841225 A1 WO 98-EP1432 980312

PRAI KR 97-8750 970314

IC ICM A61K038-13

AB WO 9841225 A UPAB: 981111

Composition comprises: (a) **cyclosporin**; (b) polyethylene glycol and/or propylene carbonate; (b) at least 1 of an esterified compound of a fatty acid and primary alcohol, medium chain fatty acid triglyceride and fatty acid monoglyceride as an oil component and (c) a surfactant with a hydrophilic-lipophilic balance (HLB) value of 8-17. Also claimed is a composition containing **cyclosporin** and propylene carbonate.

USE - **Cyclosporin** has immunosuppressive and antiinflammatory activity.

ADVANTAGE - The composition forms an emulsion of **cyclosporin** in an oral dosage form with good bioavailability and increased shelf-life using soft gelatin capsules and no added ethanol.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A05-H03; A10-E07; A12-V01; B02-C01; B04-C03C;
 B04-N02; B10-A11B; B14-C03

L75 ANSWER 2 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 98-506479 [43] WPIDS

DNC C98-152858

TI Composition as a means of administration of **cyclosporine**, - which avoids the need for a lipophilic phase, and comprises a **cyclosporine** compound, a hydrophilic phase and a surfactant.

DC A25 A96 B04

IN ABDULLAH, B Y; AL-RAZZAK, L A; CONSTANTINIDES, P P; KAUL, D; LIPARI, J M; MCCHESNEY-HARRIS, L L

PA (ABBO) ABBOTT LAB

CYC 80

PI WO 9840094 A1 980917 (9843)* EN 25 pp A61K038-13

RW: AT BE CH DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW
 NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW
 W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI
 GB GE GH GM GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
 LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
 TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW

ADT WO 9840094 A1 WO 98-US4927 980312

PRAI US 97-816375 970312

IC ICM A61K038-13
 ICS A61K047-00; A61K047-10; A61K047-14; A61K047-26; A61K047-32
 AB WO 9840094 A UPAB: 981028

A binary pharmaceutical composition comprising: (a) a **cyclosporine**; (b) a hydrophilic phase; and (c) a surfactant, provided that (b) is not a 1-5C alkyl or tetrahydrofurfuryl di- or partial ether of a low molecular mass mono- or poly-oxy alkanediol and (c) is not an ethylene oxide/propylene oxide block copolymer.

Preferably the **cyclosporine** is **cyclosporin**
 A. The hydrophilic phase (b) comprises a component selected from water, **ethanol**, benzyl alcohol, propylene glycol, **glycerol**, dimethyl isosorbide or polyethylene glycol; preferably propylene glycol; a mixture of propylene glycol and **ethanol**; or a mixture of propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol and **ethanol**. The surfactant (c) is selected from polyoxyethylene derivatives of natural or hydrogenated vegetable oils, polyoxyethylene-sorbitan fatty acid esters, alkyl/dialkyl sulphate, sulphonate or sulphosuccinate salts, polyoxyethylene fatty acid esters, trans-esterification products of natural vegetable oil triglycerides and polyalkylene polyols, polyoxyethylene glycol alkyl ethers and esters, and mixtures thereof; preferably polyoxyl 35 castor oil, polyoxyl 40 hydrogenated castor oil, or a combination thereof.

USE - Claimed use is as a means of administration of **cyclosporine**.

ADVANTAGE - The composition avoids the need for a lipophilic phase.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A12-V01; B04-C01C; B04-N02

L75 ANSWER 3 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 98-465355 [40] WPIDS
 DNN N98-362461 DNC C98-140960
 TI **Emulsion** preconcentrate composition of **cyclosporin**
 - comprises **cyclosporin** dissolved in solvent system comprising acetylated mono glycerides and surfactant.
 DC A96 B04
 IN SHERMAN, B C
 PA (SHER-I) SHERMAN B C
 CYC 82
 PI NZ 314702 A 980728 (9840)* EN 18 pp A61K047-12
 WO 9848779 A1 981105 (9850) EN A61K009-107 <--
 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC
 MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW
 W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI
 GB GE GH GM GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
 LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
 TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW

ADT NZ 314702 A NZ 97-314702 970429; WO 9848779 A1 WO 98-CA408 980429
 PRAI NZ 97-314702 970429

IC ICM **A61K009-107**; A61K047-12
 ICS A61K031-545; A61K038-13; A61K047-26; A61K047-46

AB NZ 314702 A UPAB: 981021
Emulsion preconcentrate composition comprises **cyclosporin** dissolved in a solvent system comprising acetylated monoglycerides and a surfactant.

The composition is preferably in the form of a

microemulsion concentrate. The acetylated monoglyceride is preferably a fully acetylated monoglyceride prepared from unsaturated monoglyceride.

USE - The composition is used to aid the administration of **cyclosporins**.

ADVANTAGE - The solvents used are not water-miscible, so when the composition is mixed with gastrointestinal fluid or other aqueous medium, the **cyclosporin** will not precipitate, as often occurred with prior art. The solvents used are inexpensive, compared to previous lipophilic solvents, and the use of **ethanol** is avoided which is volatile and has an unpleasant taste.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A12-V01; B02-C; B04-C03C; B10-E04D; B14-G02

L75 ANSWER 4 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 98-465354 [40] WPIDS

DNN N98-362460 DNC C98-140959

TI **Emulsion** preconcentrate composition of **cyclosporin**

- comprises **cyclosporin**, propylene carbonate, a lipophilic solvent selected from glycerides, and one or more surfactants.

DC A96 B04

IN SHERMAN, B C

PA (SHER-I) SHERMAN B C

CYC 1

PI NZ 314701 A 980728 (9840)* EN 18 pp A61K047-12

ADT NZ 314701 A NZ 97-314701 970429

PRAI NZ 97-314701 970429

IC ICM A61K047-12

ICS A61K031-545; A61K047-46

AB NZ 314701 A UPAB: 981021

Emulsion preconcentrate composition comprises **cyclosporin**, propylene carbonate, a lipophilic solvent selected from glycerides, and one or more surfactants.

The composition is preferably in the form of a **microemulsion** preconcentrate. The lipophilic solvent is preferably mono-, di- and/or tri-glyceride, and is especially miscible with propylene carbonate. Especially the solvent is acetylated monoglyceride. The surfactant is preferably polyoxyethylene glycolated natural or hydrogenated vegetable oil (especially polyoxyl 40 hydrogenated castor oil) and/or a polyoxyethylene-sorbitan-fatty acid ester.

USE - The composition is used to aid the administration of **cyclosporin**.

ADVANTAGE - The solvents used are not water-miscible, so when the composition is mixed with gastrointestinal fluid or other aqueous medium, the **cyclosporin** will not precipitate, as often occurred with prior art. The solvents used are inexpensive, compared to previous lipophilic solvents, and the use of **ethanol** is avoided which is volatile and has an unpleasant taste.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A12-V01; B02-C; B04-C03C; B10-E04D; **B12-M03**; B14-G02

L75 ANSWER 5 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 98-110217 [10] WPIDS
 DNC C98-036184
 TI Aerosol solution formulation comprises **cyclosporin A** - and
 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-hepta fluoro-propane, used for treating respiratory
 diseases, e.g. asthma.
 DC B04 B07
 IN BELL, A
 PA (RHON) RHONE-POULENC RORER LTD
 CYC 78
 PI WO 9801147 A1 980115 (9810)* EN 21 pp A61K038-13
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL
 OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW
 W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI
 GB GE GH HU IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD
 MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR
 TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW
 AU 9734538 A 980202 (9826) A61K038-13
 ADT WO 9801147 A1 WO 97-GB1851 970707; AU 9734538 A AU 97-34538 970707
 FDT AU 9734538 A Based on WO 9801147
 PRAI US 96-23048 960802; GB 96-14326 960708
 IC ICM A61K038-13
 ICS A61K009-12
 AB WO 9801147 A UPAB: 980309
 Aerosol solution formulation (I) comprises **cyclosporin A**
 (CA) in 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropane (HFP). Also claimed is a
 device containing (I).
 PREFERRED COMPOSITION - (I) further comprises: (a) an excipient
 to aid valve lubrication which is especially: (i) **ethanol**
 at < 10 (especially 5) vol.%; or (ii) a polyethoxylated compound,
 high molecular weight fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbons, esters
 of medium chain fatty acids, lecithins, **oleic** acid or
 sorbitan esters in a concentration of 0.01-4 (especially 0.1-2)
 vol.%; (c) an adjuvant to solubilise (ii) (especially
 ethanol); (d) a flavour modifying excipient; (e) an
 alternative propellant or mixture of them (especially
 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane); and (f) extra medicaments. (ii) is
 preferably polyethylene glycol of molecular weight 200-3000
 (especially 1500) units). The concentration of CA is 1-400
 (especially 10-50) mg/ml. (I) can be administered as a spray.
 USE - (I) is used to treat respiratory diseases (claimed). It
 is used for treating e.g. respiratory obstructive airways disease
 (e.g. asthma) and auto-immune disease and to deliver anti-parasitic
 treatments.
 ADVANTAGE - (I) requires no cosolvent as CA is sufficiently
 soluble in HFP.
 Dwg.0/0
 FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: B04-C01G; B10-H02B; B12-M01A; B14-K01A

 L75 ANSWER 6 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 97-086102 [08] WPIDS
 DNC C97-027976
 TI Soft capsule compsn. contg. **cyclosporin** with polyethylene
 glycol - also contains oil component and surfactant, and has
 immunosuppressive and antiinflammatory activity, good stability and
 high bio-availability.
 DC A96 B04 B07
 IN WOO, J S

PA (HANM-N) HANMI PHARM IND CO LTD

CYC 1

PI US 5589455 A 961231 (9708)* 12 pp A61K037-00

ADT US 5589455 A US 95-427187 950421

PRAI KR 94-37948 941228

IC ICM A61K037-00

AB US 5589455 A UPAB: 970220

A soft capsule compsn. comprises: (a) **cyclosporin** (I) as active ingredient; (b) polyethylene glycol (PEG), mol. wt. 200-600, as cosurfactant; (c) a mixt. of an esterified cpd. of fatty acid and prim. alcohol, medium chain fatty acid triglyceride (MCT) and fatty acid monoglyceride as an oil component; and (d) a surfactant having HLB value 10-17.

(I) is pref. **cyclosporin** A. The ester is pref. of an 8-10C fatty acid and 2-3C prim. alcohol, partic. isopropyl myristate, isopropyl palmitate, ethyl linoleate or ethyl **oleate**.

The MCT is caprylic/capric acid triglyceride, and the monoglyceride is a monoglyceride of **oleic** acid. The wt. ratio of monoglyceride, ester and MCT is 1:0-5:0.1-10.

The surfactant is a polyoxyethylene (POE) product of hydrogenated vegetable oil or a POE-sorbitan-fatty acid ester, pref. a mixed surfactant of POE (50) hydrogenated castor oil:POE (20) sorbitan monolaurate in the ratio 1:0.15.

The wt. ratio of (I), PEG, oil component and surfactant is 1:0.1-10:1-10:1-10, pref. 1:0.5-8:2-6:2-8. The ratio of PEG to (I) is 0.1-10:1.

USE - The compsn. has immunosuppressive and antiinflammatory activity.

Admin. is oral.

ADVANTAGE - The compsn. is very stable during storage compared with previous compsns. contg. e.g. **ethanol**, propylene glycol, transcutol or glycofurool as co surfactant. The bioavailability of (I) is at least 4 times higher than previous products, and dosage, side effects and drug costs are reduced.

The difference between bioavailabilities of (I) in respective subjects is decreased.

Dwg.0/3

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A05-H03; A12-V01; B04-C01C; B04-N02; B14-C03; B14-G02

L75 ANSWER 7 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 96-240507 [25] WPIDS

DNC C96-076824

TI Oral multiple **emulsion** preconcentrate - contg.

cyclosporin, solvents, surfactant and vitamin-E deriv..

DC A96 B04

IN BALAZS, Z; ERDOEHATI, E; HEIM, C; JANCSO, S; JARABIN, M; JUSZTIN, M; KANYA, I; KISS, I; KOVACS, I; TAKACS, E; VARGA, Z; KORCSMAROS, I; KANYA, KORCSMAROS I; KORCSMAROS, I K; ERDOHATI, E

PA (KOVA-I) KOVACS I; (BIOG) BIOGAL GYOGYSZERGYAR; (BIOG) BIOGAL GYOGYSZERGYAR RT

CYC 19

PI EP 712631 A2 960522 (9625)* EN 10 pp A61K038-13

R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI NL PT SE

GB 2295546 A 960605 (9626) 21 pp A61K038-13

DE 19543271 A1 960605 (9628) 10 pp A61K038-13

CZ 9501054 A3 960717 (9637) A61K038-13

CA 2145242 A 960522 (9638) A61K038-13
 US 5583105 A 961210 (9704) 7 pp A61K009-113
 EP 712631 A3 961204 (9707) A61K038-13
 SK 9500544 A3 970205 (9715) A61K009-113
 GB 2295546 B 980722 (9831) A61K038-13
 ADT EP 712631 A2 EP 95-106655 950503; GB 2295546 A GB 95-23295 951114;
 DE 19543271 A1 DE 95-19543271 951120; CZ 9501054 A3 CZ 95-1054
 950425; CA 2145242 A CA 95-2145242 950321; US 5583105 A US 95-414496
 950331; EP 712631 A3 EP 95-106655 950503; SK 9500544 A3 SK 95-544
 950427; GB 2295546 B GB 95-23295 951114
 PRAI HU 94-3328 941121
 REP 3.Jnl.Ref ; DE 3930928; EP 589843; FR 2636534; WO 9511039
 IC ICM A61K009-113
 ICS A61K009-66; A61K031-355; A61K047-10; A61K047-14; A61K047-36
 ICA A61K038-13
 ICI A61K031:3
 AB EP 712631 A UPAB: 960625
 Oral multiple **emulsion** pre-concentrate comprises: (a) 5-30
 wt.% **cyclosporin**, (b) 5-30 wt.% tocopheryl polyethylene
 glycol carboxylic acid ester, (c) 5-20 wt.% **EtoH**, (d)
 20-55 wt.% lipophilic solvent and/or 10-55 wt.% amphiphilic solvent,
 and (e) opt. 10-20 wt.% co-tenside.
 USE - Cyclic poly N-methylated undeca-peptides belonging to the
cyclosporin family are immunosuppressive, antiinflammatory,
anti-fungal and anti-parasitic agents. **Cyclosporin** A is
used to prevent rejection of organ transplants and for treating
serious chronic autoimmune diseases e.g. lupus erythematosus,
glomerulonephritis, haemolytic anaemia, myasthenia gravis and
multiple sclerosis. Vitamin E influences prostaglandin formation by
inhibiting arachidonic acid release and enzyme activity of
lipoxygenase and inhibits thrombocyte aggregation.
 ADVANTAGE - The absorption of **cyclosporin** is improved
over prior art. The compsns. have an oral bioavailability of over
40-48% for **cyclosporin**. The ingredients do not ppt.
during storage at 5-15deg.C and the shelf-life of the compsn. is
improved over prior art. Decreasing the ratio of surfactant reduces
high dispersivity grade of the **emulsion**. Vitamin E
decreases the nephrotoxic effect of **cyclosporins** and is
more favourable than fish oil contg. omega-3-unsatd. fatty acids
because its compsn. is determined and constant.
 Dwg.0/2
 FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A10-E07; A10-E08; A12-V01; B02-C; B03-H; B04-C03C; B14-D05C;
 B14-F04; B14-G02; B14-L08; B14-S01
 L75 ANSWER 8 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 96-231901 [24] WPIDS
 DNC C96-073381
 TI Storage-stable **cyclosporin** soft capsule compsn - contg di
 methyl isosorbide, oil component and surfactant giving high
 bio-availability, used e.g. as immunosuppressant.
 DC A96 B04 B07 C03 C07
 IN WOO, J S
 PA (HANM-N) HANMI PHARM IND CO LTD; (KARA-N) KARAMI YAKUHIN KOGYO KK
 CYC 8
 PI EP 711550 A1 960515 (9624)* EN 25 pp A61K009-48
 R: BE DE FR GB IT
 JP 08310964 A 961126 (9706) 14 pp A61K038-00

US 5603951 A 970218 (9713) 11 pp A61K009-48
 CN 1128671 A 960814 (9750) A61K038-13
 ADT EP 711550 A1 EP 95-117171 951031; JP 08310964 A JP 95-291336 951109;
 US 5603951 A US 95-427190 950421; CN 1128671 A CN 95-118554 951030
 PRAI KR 94-29208 941109
 REP EP 650721; WO 9405312
 IC ICM A61K009-48; A61K038-00; A61K038-13
 ICS A61K009-107; A61K047-14; A61K047-22
 ICA C07K007-64
 AB EP 711550 A UPAB: 960829
 A **cyclosporin** soft capsule compsn. comprises: (A) a **cyclosporin** (pref. **cyclosporin A**) as active ingredient; (B) dimethyl isosorbide as cosurfactant; (C) at least one of fatty acid/prim. alcohol esters, medium chain fatty acid triglycerides and fatty acid monoglycerides as oil component; and (D) a surfactant having HLB value 10-17.

Pref. (D) is polyoxyethylene hydrogenated vegetable oil or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester, pref. a mixt. of 'Nikkol HCO-50' (RTM); POE (50) hydrogenated castor oil) and 'Tween 20' (RTM; POE (20) sorbitan monolaurate).

USE - (A) have immunosuppressant and antiinflammatory activity, and are used for suppressing immune response to tissue and organ transplants. They are also used for treating haematological disorders (e.g. anaemia), autoimmune disorders (e.g. systemic lupus erythematosus or idiopathic malabsorption syndrome), inflammatory disorders (e.g. arthritis or rheumatism) and protozoal diseases (e.g. malaria or schistosomiasis); and in chemotherapy.

ADVANTAGE - When formulated in a soft capsule, the compsn. is more storage-stable and remains uniform for a longer period than conventional **ethanol**-based compsns. such as 'Sandimmun' (RTM). The compsn. also provides high bioavailability and less variation in blood levels between patients. (B) is non-volatile, does not penetrate gelatin capsule shells, is non-hygroscopic and readily dissolves (A).

Dwg.0/3

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A12-V01; A12-W05; B02-C01; C02-C01;
 B06-A02; C06-A02; B12-M11; C12-M11; B14-B02; C14-B02; B14-C03;
 C14-C03; B14-C09; C14-C09; B14-F03; C14-F03; B14-G02; C14-G02

L75 ANSWER 9 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 96-030331 [03] WPIDS

DNC C96-010390

TI Stable, rapidly dissolving **cyclosporin A** compsn. - obtd. by dissolving drug in **ethanol** with **emulsifier** adding porous dextrin and drying, used as immunosuppressant.

DC B04

IN CHOI, J Y; CHOI, S W; KIM, H S; LEE, H W; PARK, Y K; CHOI, S; LEE, H; PARK, Y

PA (YUHA-N) YUHAN CORP

CYC 23

PI WO 9532726 A1 951207 (9603)* EN 17 pp A61K038-13

RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
 W: AU CA CN JP RU US

AU 9525772 A 951221 (9612) A61K038-13

EP 756489 A1 970205 (9711) EN A61K038-13

R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE

JP 09510733 W 971028 (9802) 14 pp A61K038-00

DC B04
 IN WOO, J S
 PA (HANM-N) HANMI PHARM IND CO LTD; (KARA-N) KARAMI YAKUHIN KOGYO KK;
 (HANM-N) HANMI PHARM IND LTD
 CYC 8
 PI EP 650721 A1 950503 (9522)* EN 19 pp A61K009-107 <--
 R: BE DE FR GB IT
 JP 08157358 A 960618 (9634) 12 pp A61K009-48
 CN 1097597 A 950125 (9720) A61K031-16
 US 5639474 A 970617 (9730) 12 pp A61K009-10
 JP 2662183 B2 971008 (9745) 12 pp A61K009-48
 ADT EP 650721 A1 EP 94-110184 940630; JP 08157358 A JP 94-151149 940701;
 CN 1097597 A CN 94-106301 940530; US 5639474 A CIP of US 94-177495
 940105, US 95-427465 950424; JP 2662183 B2 JP 94-151149 940701
 FDT JP 2662183 B2 Previous Publ. JP 08157358
 PRAI KR 93-12291 930701
 IC ICM A61K009-10; A61K009-107; A61K009-48; A61K031-16
 ICS A61K038-00; A61K038-13; A61K047-22
 ICA C07K007-06
 AB EP 650721 A UPAB: 950609
 New oral **microemulsion** compsns. contg. an
 immunosuppressive amt. of **cyclosporin**, and a sufficient
 amt. of dimethylisosorbide (as co-surfactant), oil and surfactant to
 form a **microemulsion** suitable for oral admin. Also claimed
 are: oral **microemulsion** compsns. further including a
 pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant or excipient; formulation of
 the above compsns. into soft gelatin capsules.
 USE - The compsns. are used in the suppression of immunological
 responses native to the human body caused by tissue and organ
 transplantation, and additionally in the suppression of autoimmune
 diseases and inflammatory diseases such as arthritis.
 ADVANTAGE - Conventional co-surfactants used in soft capsules,
 such as **ethanol**, propylene glycol, transcutol glycofurool
 etc. permeate the gelatin membrane of the capsule, varying the
 constitutional ratio of the capsule content during storage. The
 reduced co-surfactant content results in a significant difference in
 the bio-availability of **cyclosporin**. Furthermore, storage
 at low temperatures can lead to crystallisation of the
 cyclosporin. Since dimethylisosorbide has substantially no
 membrane permeation property, the compsn. of the
 microemulsion when formulated into a soft capsule does not
 change during storage, and the uniformity of the compsn. content can
 be assured. **Cyclosporin** dissolves well in
 dimethylisosorbide contributing to the formulation of suitable
 microemulsions.
 Dwg.3/5
 FS CPI
 FA AB; GI; DCN
 MC CPI: B02-C; B06-A02; B12-M03; B12-M09; B14-C09; B14-G02D

 L75 ANSWER 13 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 94-100850 [12] WPIDS
 DNC C94-046441
 TI **Cyclosporin** compsns. with improved release characteristics
 - contain lipo gel, **emulsifier**, and stabiliser, and
 reduces peak sharpness and side effects..
 DC B04
 IN MARKOVIC, L; PAVELEK, Z; STUCHLIC, M; STUCHLIK, M
 PA (GALE-N) GALENA STATNI PODNIK; (GALE-N) GALENA SP; (GALE-N) GALENA

AS
 CYC 39
 PI WO 9405312 A1 940317 (9412)* EN 29 pp A61K037-02
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
 W: AU BB BG BR BY CA FI HU JP KP KR KZ NO NZ PL RO RU UA US VN
 CZ 9202770 A3 940413 (9421) A61K037-02
 AU 9349414 A 940329 (9430) A61K037-02
 CZ 278863 B6 940713 (9431) A61K037-02
 EP 659084 A1 950628 (9530) EN A61K037-02
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
 SK 278290 B6 960807 (9640) A61K038-13
 SK 9202770 A3 960807 (9640) A61K038-13
 JP 08501088 W 960206 (9643) 26 pp A61K038-00
 EP 659084 B1 970319 (9716) EN 17 pp A61K038-13
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
 DE 69309078 E 970424 (9722) A61K038-13
 ES 2102052 T3 970716 (9735) A61K038-13
 US 5670478 A 970923 (9744) 10 pp A61K038-00
 HU 75681 T 970528 (9805) A61K038-13
 ADT WO 9405312 A1 WO 93-CZ22 930903; CZ 9202770 A3 CS 92-2770 920907; AU 9349414 A AU 93-49414 930903; CZ 278863 B6 CS 92-2770 920907; EP 659084 A1 EP 93-918877 930903, WO 93-CZ22 930903; SK 278290 B6 CS 92-2770 920907; SK 9202770 A3 CS 92-2770 920907; JP 08501088 W WO 93-CZ22 930903, JP 94-506724 930903; EP 659084 B1 EP 93-918877 930903, WO 93-CZ22 930903; DE 69309078 E DE 93-609078 930903, EP 93-918877 930903, WO 93-CZ22 930903; ES 2102052 T3 EP 93-918877 930903; US 5670478 A WO 93-CZ22 930903, US 95-387914 950222; HU 75681 T WO 93-CZ22 930903, HU 95-668 930903
 FDT AU 9349414 A Based on WO 9405312; CZ 278863 B6 Previous Publ. CZ 9202770; EP 659084 A1 Based on WO 9405312; SK 278290 B6 Previous Publ. SK 9202770; JP 08501088 W Based on WO 9405312; EP 659084 B1 Based on WO 9405312; DE 69309078 E Based on EP 659084, Based on WO 9405312; ES 2102052 T3 Based on EP 659084; US 5670478 A Based on WO 9405312; HU 75681 T Based on WO 9405312
 PRAI CS 92-2770 920907
 REP EP 242205
 IC ICM A61K037-02; A61K038-00; A61K038-13
 ICS **A61K009-107**; A61K038-12; A61K047-08; A61K047-12; A61K047-14; A61K047-22; A61K047-26; C07K005-00; C07K007-00
 ICI A61K037-02, A61K047:02, A61K047:14; A61K037-02, A61K047:02, A61K047:
 AB WO 9405312 A UPAB: 940510
 Medical prepn. esp. suitable for internal use, contg. N-methylated cyclic undecapeptide (**cyclosporin**), comprising (all pts. wt), (a) 0.1-20 of **cyclosporin**; (b) 0.3-60 of **emulsifiers**, contg. anhydromannitol oleyl ether (AMOE) and/or lacto- and/or citro-glyceride; (c) 0.1-10 of **emulsion stabiliser** contg. aluminium magnesium hydroxide stearate, of formula AlMg (OH) (stearate) in the form of a lipogel; and (d) 0.2-40 of solvent contg. 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-2,5-di-o-methyl-D-glucitol (Arlasolve RTM) and/or 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidinone (DMI) and/or **EtOH**; with a ratio of (a)/(b) of 1:0.5 to 1:30 is new.
 USE/ADVANTAGE - **Cyclosporins** are used as immunosuppressives in organ or bone marrow transplants. They are also used for treatment of auto-immune diseases, including rheumatic, haematologic, gastric, dermatological, and eye disorders and as antiparasitics. The compsn. provides modified sustained release of **cyclosporin**, reducing incidence of **cyclosporin** side effects, e.g. nephrotoxicity, by reducing the sharpness of peak levels.

Dwg.0/3

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B04-C01C; B04-N03; B05-A01B; B10-G02; B14-G02D; B14-M01

L75 ANSWER 14 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 92-116249 [15] WPIDS
 DNC C92-054093

TI Aq. gel for topical application in acne treatment - comprising retinoic acid, opt. antibiotic and polyacrylic acid and having a pH near 7.

DC A96 B05 D21 E15

IN WHITEFIELD, M

PA (DIOM-N) DIOMED DEV LTD

CYC 14

PI EP 479518 A 920408 (9215)* 5 pp
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GR IT LI LU NL SE
 GB 2248393 A 920408 (9215) 13 pp

ADT EP 479518 A EP 91-308913 910930; GB 2248393 A GB 90-21320 901001

PRAI GB 90-21320 901001

REP US 4247547; US 4847072; WO 9014833

IC A61K007-48; A61K031-07; A61K045-06

AB EP 479518 A UPAB: 931006

A compsn. for topical application for the treatment of acne comprises retinoic acid and opt. an antibiotic dissolved in an aq. gel based on polyacrylic acid and having a pH in the range of 7-8 or 6-8 if antibiotic is present. The pH of the compsn. is pref. adjusted by addn. of a physiologically acceptable 1, 2 or 3 deg. (1-4C) alkylamine. A preservative e.g. **EtoH** is also pref. incorporated to inhibit microbial growth.

The conc. of retinoic acid is 0.01-0.2% w/w pref. 0.025-0.05%. The polyacrylic acid has M.W. 1-5 million and is pref. Carbopol 940 and in conc. 0.2-1% by wt. Prefd. antibiotic is dindamycin phosphate present in 0.25-1% by wt. and preferred alkylamine is diethylamine. Compsn. pref. contains 20-40% by wt. **EtoH**. An antioxidant e.g. propyl gallate or butylated hydroxytoluene may also be incorporated.

ADVANTAGE - The compsn. has improved cosmetic acceptability and clinical efficacy. Unlike previous formulations the retinoic acid is entirely dissolved in an essentially aq. medium, and so can be absorbed into the skin, while remaining chemically stable. The compsn. evaporates rapidly after application so avoiding soiling of clothes. The compsn. also has excellent storage stability.

0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A04-F04A; A08-M02; A12-S; A12-V01; A12-V04C; **B02-C01**; B03-A; B12-A07; D08-B09A; E10-C04A

L75 ANSWER 15 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 92-058376 [08] WPIDS
 DNN N92-044318 DNC C92-026308

TI New protein pptn. reagent for determining hydrophobic analytes - comprises zinc salt, glycol, alcohol and acid.

DC A96 B01 B04 B05 D16 S03

IN MEUCCI, V P; SIMPSON, E A; ZAJAC, M B

PA (ABBO) ABBOTT LAB

CYC 17

PI EP 471295 A 920219 (9208)*

R: AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI NL SE
 AU 9182472 A 920220 (9218)
 CA 2048314 A 920216 (9219)
 US 5135875 A 920804 (9234) 8 pp G01N033-543
 JP 04233460 A 920821 (9242) 6 pp G01N033-531
 AU 642522 B 931021 (9349) C07K003-24
 EP 471295 B1 951108 (9549) EN 10 pp G01N033-539
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI NL SE
 DE 69114403 E 951214 (9604) G01N033-539
 ES 2082059 T3 960316 (9618) G01N033-539
 ADT EP 471295 A EP 91-113331 910808; US 5135875 A US 90-567853 900815;
 JP 04233460 A JP 91-205211 910815; AU 642522 B AU 91-82472 910814;
 EP 471295 B1 EP 91-113331 910808; DE 69114403 E DE 91-614403 910808,
 EP 91-113331 910808; ES 2082059 T3 EP 91-113331 910808
 FDT AU 642522 B Previous Publ. AU 9182472; DE 69114403 E Based on EP
 471295; ES 2082059 T3 Based on EP 471295
 PRAI US 90-567853 900815
 REP WO 8304102; WO 9013818; GB 981144
 IC ICM C07K003-24; G01N033-531; G01N033-539; G01N033-543
 ICS B01D021-01; G01N001-28; G01N033-48; G01N033-53; G01N033-542;
 G01N033-84
 AB EP 471295 A UPAB: 931006
 A pptn., reagent comprises Zn salt, a glycol and a 1-4C alcohol, and
 opt. an acid.
 USE - The reagent is useful for precipitating proteins and
 extracting hydrophobic analytes from a biological test sample. The
 reagent ppte(s) interfering proteins, haemoglobin and other
 interfering substances from a test sample such as serum, plasma,
 whole blood, urine or spinal fluid while at the same time
 maintaining hydrophobic analytes in soln. and minimising the
 denaturation of specific binding proteins such as antibodies. Thus
 the reagent is particl useful in analytical systems for determining
 hydrophobic analytes employing specific binding proteins, esp.
 immunoassay systems. However it can also be used in other assay
 systems such as radio assays. It is esp. useful in a fluorescent
 polarisation immuno assay for the determn. of steroids and drugs eg.
cyclosporine.
 1/2
 FS CPI EPI
 FA AB; GI; DCN
 MC CPI: A12-V03C2; A12-W11; B02-C01; B04-B02D1; B04-B04A6;
 B04-B04B; B04-B04D4; B04-B04D5; B04-B04H; B05-A03B; B10-E04C;
 B10-E04D; B11-C07B3; B11-C08D3; B12-K04; D05-H09
 EPI: S03-E14H; S03-E14H4
 L75 ANSWER 16 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 90-256107 [34] WPIDS
 DNC C90-110810
 TI **Cyclosporin** compsn. consistently absorbed with full
 activity - contg. fatty acid tri glyceride, and **glycerol**
 fatty acid partial ester or propylene glycol etc., and tenside with
 HLB of at least 10.
 DC A96 B04 B05
 IN POSANSKI, U; POSANSKI, Y; CAVANAK, T
 PA (SANO) SANDOZ SA; (SANO) SANDOZ AG; (SANO) SANDOZ LTD; (CAVA-I)
 CAVANAK T; (POSA-I) POSANSKI U; (NOVS) NOVARTIS AG
 CYC 8
 PI GB 2228198 A 900822 (9034)* 36 pp
 DE 4005190 A 900823 (9035)

FR 2643262 A 900824 (9041)
 JP 02255623 A 901016 (9047)
 CH 680650 A 921015 (9247) A61K037-02
 GB 2228198 B 921216 (9251) A61K037-02
 BE 1005236 A3 930608 (9328) 51 pp A61K000-00
 JP 06011703 B2 940216 (9410) A61K037-02
 IT 1240765 B 931217 (9418) A61K000-00
 US 5639724 A 970617 (9730) 15 pp A61K038-13
 US 5652212 A 970729 (9736) 15 pp A61K038-13
 US 5759997 A 980602 (9829) A61K038-13
 ADT GB 2228198 A GB 90-3616 900216; DE 4005190 A DE 90-4005190 900219;
 FR 2643262 A FR 90-2086 900219; JP 02255623 A JP 90-38168 900219; CH
 680650 A CH 90-504 900216; GB 2228198 B GB 90-3616 900216; BE
 1005236 A3 BE 90-181 900219; JP 06011703 B2 JP 90-38168 900219; IT
 1240765 B IT 90-47650 900220; US 5639724 A Cont of US 84-633808
 840724, Cont of US 86-901356 860828, Cont of US 88-193896 880513,
 Cont of US 89-373736 890629, CIP of US 90-462373 900109, Cont of US
 90-481082 900216, Cont of US 92-822375 920117, Cont of US 92-940119
 920903, US 93-163193 931206; US 5652212 A Cont of US 84-633808
 840724, Cont of US 86-901356 860828, Cont of US 88-193986 880513,
 Cont of US 89-373736 890629, CIP of US 90-462373 900109, Cont of US
 90-481082 900216, Cont of US 92-822375 920117, Cont of US 92-940119
 920903, Cont of US 93-163193 931206, US 95-471302 950606; US 5759997
 A Cont of US 84-633808 840724, Cont of US 86-901356 860828, Cont of US
 88-193986 880513, Cont of US 89-373736 890629, CIP of US
 90-462373 900109, Cont of US 90-481082 900216, Cont of US 92-822375
 920117, Cont of US 92-940119 920903, Cont of US 93-163193 931206, US
 95-471301 950606
 FDT JP 06011703 B2 Based on JP 02255623; US 5652212 A Cont of US
 5639724; US 5759997 A Cont of US 5639724
 PRAI GB 89-3804 890220
 IC ICM A61K000-00; A61K037-02; A61K038-13
 ICS A61K009-10; A61K047-14; A61K047-44
 AB GB 2228198 A UPAB: 930928
 A pharmaceutical compsn. comprises: (i) a **cyclosporin** as
 active ingredient in a carrier medium contg: (ii) a fatty acid
 triglyceride; (iii) a **glycerol** fatty acid partial ester or
 propylene glycol or sorbitol complete or partial ester, and (iv) a
 tenside having an HLB of at least 10 when (ii) and (iii) consist
 (essentially) of the individual components of a transesterification
 prod. of a vegetable oil with **glycerol**, the compsn. is (a)
 free or substantially free of **EtoH**; or (b) comprises
cyclosporin or (Nva)₂**-cyclosporin** as (i); or (c)
 comprises (i) and (iv) in a ratio of 1:at least 1 p.p.w.
 USE/ADVANTAGE - The compsns. are for oral administration and
 are consistently absorbed with full activity. The invention enables
 reduction of **cyclosporin** dosage levels to achieve
 effective therapy and permits closer standardisation and
 optimisation of daily dosage requirements for individual subjects
 receiving **cyclosporin** therapy for gps. of patients in
 equivalent therapy. Monitoring requirements are reduced, cost of
 therapy is thereby reduced and undesirable side effects such as
 nephrotoxic reaction is reduced because of lower dosage. The
 compsns. are more storage stable.
 0/0
 FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A12-V01; B02-C; B04-B01B; B04-C03C; B04-C03D; B10-A09A;
 B10-E04C; B10-G02

L75 ANSWER 17 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 90-255218 [34] WPIDS
 CR 89-094742 [13]
 DNC C90-110475
 TI **Cyclosporin** contg. compsn. providing high concn. for oral
 admin. - formulated with fatty acid saccharide mono ester and
 diluent or carrier, e.g. polyvinyl pyrrolidone.
 DC A96 B04 B07
 IN HAUER, B; POSANSKI, U; HAHN, L
 PA (NOVS) NOVARTIS-ERFINDUNGEN VERW GES MBH; (HAUE-I) HAUER B; (SANO)
 SANDOZ AG; (SANO) SANDOZ LTD; (NOVS) NOVARTIS CORP
 CYC 24
 PI DE 4003844 A 900816 (9034)*
 NL 9000299 A 900903 (9038)
 FR 2642650 A 900810 (9039)
 AU 9049252 A 900816 (9040)
 NO 9000577 A 900903 (9041)
 CA 2009533 A 900809 (9043)
 DK 9000327 A 900810 (9043)
 GB 2230440 A 901024 (9043)
 JP 02235817 A 900918 (9043)
 PT 93079 A 900831 (9043)
 FI 9000604 A 900810 (9045)
 HU 54058 T 910128 (9109)
 SE 9000441 A 910808 (9139)
 BE 1003009 A 911022 (9145)
 LU 87675 A 911008 (9145)
 ZA 9000993 A 911030 (9148)
 ES 2021942 A 911116 (9150)
 CH 679277 A 920131 (9208)
 NZ 232401 A 921028 (9301) A61K037-02
 GB 2230440 B 930519 (9320) A61K037-02
 IT 1240758 B 931217 (9418) A61K000-00
 IE 65191 B 951004 (9547) A61K037-02
 FI 97524 B 960930 (9644) A61K047-10
 IL 93298 A 970610 (9730) A61K038-13
 NO 301576 B1 971117 (9802) A61K038-08
 HU 213394 B 970630 (9807) A61K038-13
 AT 9000272 A 980515 (9824) A61K038-13
 US 5756450 A 980526 (9828) A61K038-00
 AT 404552 B 981115 (9851) A61K038-13
 ADT DE 4003844 A DE 90-4003844 900208; NL 9000299 A NL 90-299 900208; FR
 2642650 A FR 90-1389 900205; GB 2230440 A GB 90-2504 900205; JP
 02235817 A JP 90-31348 900208; BE 1003009 A BE 90-133 900205; ZA
 9000993 A ZA 90-993 900209; ES 2021942 A ES 90-397 900209; NZ 232401
 A NZ 90-232401 900207; GB 2230440 B GB 90-2504 900205; IT 1240758 B
 IT 90-47609 900208; IE 65191 B IE 90-434 900207; FI 97524 B FI
 90-604 900207; IL 93298 A IL 90-93298 900207; NO 301576 B1 NO 90-577
 900207; HU 213394 B HU 90-701 900207; AT 9000272 A AT 90-272 900208;
 US 5756450 A CIP of US 88-243577 880913, Cont of US 90-478187
 900209, Cont of US 91-791844 911114, Cont of US 92-947224 920918, US
 94-335523 941107; AT 404552 B AT 90-272 900208
 FDT FI 97524 B Previous Publ. FI 9000604; IL 93298 A Add to IL 87746; NO
 301576 B1 Previous Publ. NO 9000577; HU 213394 B Previous Publ. HU
 54058; AT 404552 B Previous Publ. AT 9000272
 PRAI GB 89-3663 890217; GB 89-2898 890209; GB 89-2901 890209;
 GB 89-3147 890213; GB 90-2504 900205; GB 89-1898 890209;
 DE 87-3730909 870915; DE 88-3802355 880127

IC ICM A61K000-00; A61K037-02; A61K038-00; A61K038-08; A61K038-13;
A61K047-10

ICS A61K001-70; A61K009-00; A61K009-10; A61K031-71; A61K038-02;
A61K047-00; A61K047-06; A61K047-14; A61K047-24; A61K047-26;
C07K005-00; C07K007-00

ICA C07K007-50

AB DE 4003844 A UPAB: 980715

Pharmaceutical compsns. contain (1) a **cyclosporin** (I) as active ingredient; (2) a fatty acid saccharide monoester (II) and (3) a diluent or carrier. Component (3) is (a) solvent in which both (I) and (II) have solubility at least 10% at ambient temp.; (b) a solvent for both (I) and (II), and the (I):(3) wt. ratio is 1:0.5-50; (c) a solvent for both (I) and (II), and the compsn. is formulated as a solid unit dose for oral admin.; (d) the poly(2-4C) alkylene glycol (IIIa) of mean mol.wt. at most 7000 or viscosity at most 15000 mPa.s at 50 deg.C, or a 3-5C alkylenepolyol ether or ester (IIIb); or (e) a solid polymer carrier, an organosilicon oxide polymer or paraffin (per- or sub-liquidum) in which case (I) is present in solid soln.; and the compsn. may be (practically) non-aq.

USE/ADVANTAGE - (I) are known immunosuppressant, antiinflammatory and antiparasitic agents. The use of (II) as major carrier component allows (semi)solid and liq. formulations to be made with sufficiently high (I) concn. to allow comfortable oral admin. @ (18pp Dwg.No.0/0)

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A12-V01; B04-B01C1; B04-B01C3; B04-C01C; B04-C02A; B04-C03;
B07-A02; B10-E04C; B10-E04D; B12-B04; B12-D02B; B12-D07;
B12-M10A

L75 ANSWER 18 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
AN 90-085699 [12] WPIDS

DNC C90-037520

TI **Cyclosporin** compsns. in **microemulsion** or pre-concentrate form - useful for oral or topical admin..

DC A96 B03

IN HAUER, B; MEIZER, A; POSANSKI, U; RICHTER, F; MEINZER, A
PA (NOVS) NOVARTIS-ERFINDUNGEN VERW GES MBH; (SANO) SANDOZ LTD; (SANO)
SANDOZ PATENT GMBH; (SANO) SANDOZ AG; (NOVS) NOVARTIS CORP

CYC 22

PI GB 2222770 A 900321 (9012)* 80 pp

DE 3930928 A 900322 (9013)

PT 91731 A 900330 (9017)

FR 2636534 A 900323 (9019)

NL 8902315 A 900417 (9019)

NO 8903678 A 900409 (9020)

DK 8904559 A 900317 (9022)

JP 02121929 A 900509 (9025)

FI 8904342 A 900317 (9027)

AU 8941400 A 900322 (9032)

HU 53541 T 901128 (9102)

SE 8903042 A 900511 (9120)

ZA 8907066 A 910529 (9125)

LU 87586 A 910507 (9127)

ES 2020738 A 910916 (9141)

CH 679118 A 911231 (9204)

BE 1003105 A 911126 (9206)

GB 2222770 B 920729 (9231)

A61K009-10

IT 1232243 B 920128 (9239)

A61K000-00

DE 3930928	C2	940601	(9420)	27 pp	A61K037-02
IL 91642	A	940412	(9422)		A61K037-02
US 5342625	A	940830	(9434)	22 pp	A61K009-66
CA 1332150	C	940927	(9439)		A61K037-02
JP 07025690	B2	950322	(9516)	26 pp	A61K038-00
DK 171433	B	961028	(9649)		A61K038-13
HU 212727	B	961028	(9702)		A61K038-13
FI 98046	B	961231	(9707)		A61K038-13
NO 180362	B	961230	(9707)		A61K047-14
AT 8902142	A	970715	(9734)		A61K038-13
AT 403435	B	980115	(9808)		A61K038-13
US 5741512	A	980421	(9823)	26 pp	A61K009-127
ADT	GB 2222770	A	GB 89-20597	890912; DE 3930928	A DE 89-3930928 890915;
	FR 2636534	A	FR 89-12229	890915; NL 8902315	A NL 89-2315 890915; JP
	02121929	A	JP 89-239795	890914; ZA 8907066	A ZA 89-7066 890915; ES
	2020738	A	ES 89-3141	890915; BE 1003105	A BE 89-979 890914; GB
	2222770	B	GB 89-20597	890912; IT 1232243	B IT 89-48369 890915; DE
	3930928	C2	DE 89-3930928	890915; IL 91642	A IL 89-91642 890914; US
	5342625	A	Cont of US 89-406656	890913, Cont of US 91-680211	910404, US
	US 92-990734	921215; CA 1332150	C CA 89-611472	890914; JP 07025690	
	B2	JP 89-239795	890914; DK 171433	B DK 89-4559 890915; HU 212727	
	HU 89-4543	890901; FI 98046	B FI 89-4342 890914; NO 180362	B NO	
	89-3678	890914; AT 8902142	A AT 89-2142 890914; AT 403435	B AT	
	89-2142	890914; US 5741512	A Cont of US 89-406656	890913, Cont of US	
	91-680211	910404, Div ex US 92-990734	921215, Cont of US 94-259951		
	940615, US 95-430770	950427			
FDT	JP 07025690	B2	Based on JP 02121929; DK 171433	B Previous Publ. DK	
	8904559; HU 212727	B Previous Publ. HU 53541; FI 98046	B Previous		
	Publ. FI 8904342; NO 180362	B Previous Publ. NO 8903678; AT 403435	B Previous Publ.		
PRAI	AT 8902142; US 5741512	A Div ex US 5342625			
	GB 89-2903	890209; GB 88-21754	880916; GB 89-2900	890209;	
	GB 89-20597	890912			
IC	ICM	A61K000-00; A61K009-10; A61K009-127; A61K009-66; A61K037-02; A61K038-00; A61K038-13; A61K047-14			
	ICS	A61K009-00; A61K009-06; A61K009-07; A61K009-107; A61K009-48; A61K031-33; A61K031-71; A61K045-08; A61K047-00; A61K047-08; A61K047-10; A61K047-22; A61K047-34; A61K047-44			
ICA	C07K007-64				
AB	GB 2222770	A UPAB: 930928	Pharmaceutical compsn. comprises a cyclosporin as active ingredient, in the form of a '' microemulsion pre-concentrate'' or a microemulsion .		
	USE/ADVANTAGE - Cyclosporins are useful as immuno-suppressive agents e.g., for preventing organ or tissue transplant rejection or treatment of autoimmune diseases and inflammatory conditions, e.g., autoimmune haematological disorders, SLE, polychondritis, scleroderma, Wegener granulomatosis, dermatomyositis, chronic active hepatitis, myasthenia gravis, psoriasis, Steven-Johnson syndrome, idiopathic sprue, inflammatory bowel disease (ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease), endocrine ophthalmopathy, Graves disease, sarcoidosis, multiple sclerosis, primary biliary cirrhosis, juvenile diabetes, uveitis, keratoconjunctivitis sicca, vernal keratoconjunctivitis, interstitial lung fibrosis, psoriatic arthritis, glomerulonephritis. They are also of potential use as anti-parasitic, esp. antiprotozoal agents, in treatment of malaria, coccidiomycosis and schistosomiasis, and as agents for reversing or abrogating anti-neoplastic agent resistance in tumours, etc.				
	Cyclosporins may also be useful for hair growth stimulation,				

e.g., in treatment of alopecia due to ageing or disease.

The compsns. permit prepns. of solid, semi-solid or liq. compsns. contg. sufficiently high **cyclosporin** concns. to permit convenient oral admin. while giving improved bioavailability and thus reducing dosage and side-effects. The compsns. can be prepnd. free of alkanols, which avoids the associated stability and processing difficulties. Topical compsns. can also be prepnd.

0/4

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A12-V01; **B02-C01**; B12-A07; B12-B01; B12-B03; B12-B04; B12-B05; B12-B06; B12-C10; B12-D02A; B12-D02B; B12-D03; B12-D07; B12-E02; B12-E08; B12-G02; B12-G03; B12-G07; B12-H05; B12-H06; B12-L04; **B12-M03**

L75 ANSWER 19 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
AN 89-324072 [44] WPIDS

DNN N89-246837 DNC C89-143517

TI Chronic vascular infusion of hydrophobic drugs - using solvent system of 10-80 vol. **glycerol** and 90-20 vol. per cent **ethanol** per cent.

DC B03 B07 P34

IN ROHDE, T D; WIGNESS, B D

PA (MINU) MINNESOTA UNIVERSITY

CYC 15

PI WO 8909609 A 891019 (8944)* EN 22 pp
RW: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LU NL SE

W: AU DK JP NO

AU 8932165 A 891103 (9003)

US 4943560 A 900724 (9032)

ADT WO 8909609 A WO 89-US459 890206; US 4943560 A US 88-178139 880406

PRAI US 88-178139 880406

REP 1.Jnl.Ref ; US 4108985; US 4439181

IC A61K031-04; A61K037-00; A61M031-00; A61M037-00

AB WO 8909609 A UPAB: 930923

A liquid infusate for the chronic vascular infusion of a hydrophobic biologically-active cpd. (I) is claimed comprising a soln. of (I) in a solvent consisting of 10-80 vol.% **glycerol** and 90-20 vol.% **ethanol**.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The use of **glycerol-ethanol** solvent system provides stable solns. of a wide variety of (I) without the use of potentially deleterious solubilising and stabilising agents such as surfactants. The addn. of **glycerol** to **ethanol** reduces the gas-carrying capacity to below that exhibited by 95% **EtoH** and it reduces the viscosity of **EtoH** thereby reducing the rate of release of any residual gas. The system is used esp. for delivery of the immunosuppressive drug **cyclosporin**.

0/5

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B02-C; B12-B03; B12-D02B; B12-M07

L75 ANSWER 20 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
AN 89-278156 [38] WPIDS

CR 88-271018 [38]; 95-043423 [06]

DNC C89-123139

TI Pharmaceutical dosage form - comprises gelatin encapsulating compsn. contg. at least 6 weight per cent **ethanol** and at least 60

weight per cent **lipid**.

DC B07

IN CHAN, E; PORTNOFF, J; WEINER, A; JANOFF, A S; OSTRO, M J; POPESCU, M C; TREMBLAY, P A

PA (LIPO) LIPOSOME CO INC

CYC 13

PI WO 8907936 A 890908 (8938)* EN 14 pp
 RW: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LU NL SE
 W: JP

EP 415922 A 910313 (9111)
 R: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE

JP 04500794 W 920213 (9213) 5 pp

US 5154930 A 921013 (9244) 13 pp A61K009-14

EP 415922 A4 910410 (9516)

ADT WO 8907936 A WO 88-US3104 880907; EP 415922 A EP 88-908617 880907;
 JP 04500794 W JP 88-507773 880907; US 5154930 A CIP of US 87-22156
 870305, US 88-160141 880225; EP 415922 A4 EP 88-908617

PRAI US 88-160141 880225

REP GB 1008044; JP 53056315; US 4497157; US 4567161; US 4687766; US
 4708834; EP 100052; EP 242812; GB 2155789

IC ICM A61K009-14
 ICS A61K009-48; A61K009-50; A61K009-66; A61K031-685; B01J013-02

AB WO 8907936 A UPAB: 950404

A pharmaceutical dosage form comprises gelatin encapsulating a pharmaceutical compsn. which is at least 6 wt.% **EtoH** and **lipid** which comprises at least 60 wt.% of the compsn. Also claimed is a method of protecting gelatin from deterioration.

Pref. the gelating comprises type A or type B gelatin. The dosage form is a capsule, trochee, drage'e, suppository or tablet adapted to pharmaceutical administration. The **lipid** is a **phospholipid**. **EtoH** comprises 7-8 wt.% of the dosage form. **Lipid** comprises about 94 wt.% of the dosage form. The dosage form further comprises a bioactive agent. A method of preventing gelating vesicle dosage form contg. 6 wt.% of **EtoH** from deterioration comprises admixing at least 60 wt.% **lipid** with the **EtoH**.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The pharmaceutic dosage form can be used in the encapsulation of **EtoH** soluble drugs such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agent, steroid anti-inflammatory drugs, benzodiazepines etc. The dosage form has increased stability since gelatin is protected from deterioration.

Dwg.0/0
 Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B04-B01B; B04-B02D; B04-B04A6; B05-B01P; B06-D01; B06-D06;
 B10-E04D; B12-D07; B12-M08; B12-M11

L75 ANSWER 21 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 88-299856 [42] WPIDS

DNC C88-132942

TI New cyclo hept (b)indole alkanoic acids - for prostaglandin and thromboxane antagonists, e.g. for treating asthma, hypertension, angina, spontaneous abortion, etc..

DC B02

IN GILLARD, J W; GIRARD, Y; GUINDON, Y; MORTON, H E

PA (MERI) MERCK FROSST CANADA INC

CYC 1

PI US 4775680 A 881004 (8842)* 20 pp

ADT US 4775680 A US 87-76096 870721
 PRAI US 87-76096 870721
 IC A61K031-40; C07D209-86
 AB US 4775680 A UPAB: 930923

Cyclohept (6)indolealkanoic acids and derivs. of formula (I) are new.

A=(CR9R10), R11; R1-R6 each=H, 1-6C alkyl, 2-6C alkenyl or (CH₂)_nM; n=0-3; M=R14, OR12, SR13, S(O)R13, S(O)2R13, NO₂ or halo; at least one of R5 and R6=SR13, S(O)R13 or S(O)2R13; each R7=H or 1-6C alkyl; each R8=H or 1-6C alkyl; Each R9=H or 1-6C alkyl; each R10 =H, OH, 1-4C alkoxy or 1-4C alkyl; R11=COOR19; each R12=H, 1-6C alkyl, benzyl or R14; each R13=1-6C alkyl, CF₃ or R14; each R14 =phenyl opt. substd. by 1 or 2 of 1-3C alkyl, 1-3C perfluoroalkyl, 1-3C alkoxy, halo, CN, COOR15 or CH₂COOR15; each R15=H phenyl, benzyl or 1-6C alkyl, each R19=H or 1-6C alkyl; and r=0-6. Pref. A is attached to the 6- or 7-position; R11=CO₂H; and r=1 or 2.

USE - (I) act as prostaglandin and thromboxane antagonists. They may be used to treat asthma, diarrhoea, hypertension, angina, platelet aggregation, cerebral spasm, premature labour, spontaneous abortion, dysmenorrhea and nephrotoxicitis caused by **cyclosporin A** and as cytoprotective agents. (I) may also be used to treat cerebral and myocardial ischemia, glomerular nephritis and systemic lupus erythematosus. As inhibitors of the biosynthesis of 5-lipoxygenase metabolites of arachidonic acid, (I) are useful for treating psoriasis, pain, ulcers, systemic anaphylaxis as well as asthma. Other applicus include treatment of erosive gastritis oesophagitis, **ethanol**-induced haemorrhagic erosions, hepatic ischaemia, noxious agent induced damage or necrosis of hepatic, pancreatic, renal or myocardial tissue, liver parenchymal damage caused by e.g. CCl₄, ischemic renal failure, disease-induced hepatic damage, bile salt induced pancreatic or gastric damage, trauma- or stress-induced cell damage and **glycerol**-reduced renal failure. Dosage is 0.01-100 mg/kg.

0/0

FS CPI
 FA AB
 MC CPI: B06-D13; B12-A07; B12-C10; B12-D01; B12-D02; B12-D07; B12-E08; B12-E09; B12-F01B; B12-F02; B12-F05; B12-F07; B12-G01; B12-G02; B12-G03; B12-H02; B12-J01; B12-J04; B12-J05; B12-K02

L75 ANSWER 22 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 88-271018 [38] WPIDS

CR 89-278156 [38]; 95-043423 [06]

DNN N88-205794 DNC C88-120627

TI Compsns. contg. **lipid**-soluble drug - in mixt. of desalted in **lipid** and non-aqueous solvent.

DC A96 B05 C03 P73

IN CHAN, E; JANOFF, A S; OSTRO, M J; POPESCU, M C; TREMBLAY, P A; WEINER, A L; WEINER, A

PA (LIPO) LIPOSOME CO INC

CYC 14

PI WO 8806438 A 880907 (8838)* EN 41 pp

RW: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LU NL SE

W: AU JP

AU 8814818 A 880926 (8851)

EP 355095 A 900228 (9009) EN

R: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE

JP 02502719 W 900830 (9041)

AU 9185985 A 911212 (9206)

AU 635869 B 930401 (9320) A61K009-127
 EP 355095 B1 930804 (9331) EN 19 pp A61K009-42
 R: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE
 DE 3882984 G 930909 (9337) A61K009-42
 CA 1323306 C 931019 (9348) A61K047-14
 EP 355095 A4 900905 (9512)
 ADT WO 8806438 A WO 88-US650 880303; EP 355095 A EP 88-902737 880303; JP 02502719 W JP 88-302677 880303; AU 635869 B AU 91-85985 911021, Div ex AU 88-14818 ; EP 355095 B1 EP 88-902737 880303, WO 88-US650 880303; DE 3882984 G DE 88-3882984 880303, EP 88-902737 880303, WO 88-US650 880303; CA 1323306 C CA 88-560124 880229; EP 355095 A4 EP 88-902737
 FDT AU 635869 B Previous Publ. AU 9185985; EP 355095 B1 Based on WO 8806438; DE 3882984 G Based on EP 355095, Based on WO 8806438
 PRAI US 87-22156 870305
 REP GB 2135268; JP 53056315; US 4235871; US 4438052; US 4460577; US 4483873; US 4649047; US 4714571; EP 88046; FR 2276062
 IC A61K009-42; A61K031-68; A61K037-22; B01J013-02; B32B009-02
 ICM A61K009-127; A61K009-42; A61K047-14
 ICS A61K009-66; A61K031-395; A61K031-405; A61K031-60; A61K031-68; A61K031-685; A61K037-02; A61K037-22; B01J013-02; B32B009-02
 AB WO 8806438 A UPAB: 950404
 Pharmaceutical compsns. comprise (a) a desalted charged **lipid**, (b) a water-miscible nonaq. solvent for the **lipid**, and (c) a **lipid**-soluble drug.
 Pref. the drug is an immunomodulator, antifungal agent, antiinflammatory agent, antineoplastic agent or hormone, esp. a polypeptide with a mol.wt. above 1000 (e.g. **cyclosporin A** or insulin), miconazole, terconazole, amphotericin B, prednisone, dexamethasone, fluoromethasone, indomethacin, aspirin, ibuprofen, doxorubicin or a corticosteroid or oestrogen. The **lipid** is phosphatidic acid, dicetyl phosphate, phosphatidyl ethanolamine or phosphatidyl serine. The solvent is **EtoH** or polyethylene glycol (esp. PEG 400-800).
 ADVANTAGE - The compsns. can have high drug/**lipid** ratios, have good stability when suspended in aq. media (no sedimentation after at least 15 mins.), and can be sterilised by filtration.
 Dwg.0/1
 Dwg.0/1
 FS CPI GMPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A05-H03; A12-V01; **B02-C01**; B04-B01B; B05-B01P; B12-A01; B12-A02C; B12-A06; B12-D02B; B12-D07; B12-G07; **C02-C01**; C04-B01B; C05-B01P; C12-A01; C12-A02C; C12-A06; C12-D02B; C12-D07; C12-G07
 L75 ANSWER 23 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 87-104735 [15] WPIDS
 DNC C87-043531
 TI Clindamycin gel prepns. for external application - contains carboxy-vinyl polymers, lower alkanol(s) neutralising agents, water and moistening agents e.g. propylene glycol.
 DC A96 B03
 PA (WAKP) WAKO PURE CHEM IND LTD
 CYC 1
 PI JP 62051619 A 870306 (8715)* 5 pp
 ADT JP 62051619 A JP 85-191159 850830
 PRAI JP 85-191159 850830

IC A61K009-70; A61K031-71; A61K047-00; C07H015-16
 AB JP62051619 A UPAB: 930922

A clindamycin gel prepdn. comprises clindamycin or its deriv. or pharmaceutically permissible salts (0.1-10 wt.%), moistening agents (5-30 wt.%), carboxyvinyl polymers (0.1-5 wt.%) lower (1-3C) alkyl alcohols (5-50 wt.%), neutralising agents and appropriate amt. of water.

Pref. moistening agent ia propylene glycol. In the gel prep., carboxyvinyl polymer is used as a gelling agent and as a thickener. Other thickeners, such as polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone, methylcellulose, sodium alginate, are much less useful than carboxyvinyl polymer. Pref. 1-3C alkyl alcohol is **ethanol**.

Pref. neutralising agents are ammonia, NaOH, KOH, Na₂CO₃ etc.. The gel preparation is made as follows: Clindamycin is dissolved in water and a part of carboxyvinyl polymer is added little by little with stirring. Separately, residual carboxyvinyl polymer is added to a moistening agent. After one day a lower alcohol is added to the latter and the former is added to the latter. A neutralising agent is added and at last water is added to make a gel prep..

USE/ADVANTAGE - Clindamycin formula (I) is a semisynthetic antibiotics, but clindamycin has been used mainly as an injection. This invention gives a gel prep. for external application and it is effective for common acne.

0/0

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A04-A03; A04-F04; A12-V01; A12-V04C; **B02-C01**;
 B12-A07; B12-M02B; **B12-M03**

L75 ANSWER 24 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 87-033306 [05] WPIDS
 DNC C87-014111
 TI 2'-De oxy cholemycin prodn. - by culturing *Actinomadula* ray fungus.
 DC B02 D16
 PA (KITA) KITASATO RES INST
 CYC 1
 PI JP 61289896 A 861219 (8705)* 7 pp
 ADT JP 61289896 A JP 85-131312 850617
 PRAI JP 85-131312 850617
 IC C12P019-30; C12R001-03
 AB JP61289896 A UPAB: 930922
 A strain of *Actinomadula* capable of producing 2'-deoxycholemycin of formula (I) is cultured in a medium. (I) is produced and accumulated in the medium and then collected from it.

USE/ADVANTAGE - Effective prodn. of 2'-deoxycholemycin is made possible by using a new ray fungus.

In an example, *Actinomadula* sp. OMR-37 isolated from a soil of Nagano prefecture and deposited as FERM P-7987 was cultured in a medium comprising carbon sources (e.g. glucose, **glycerol**, fructose, maltose, gluconic acid, pyruvic acid, glycine, alanine, methanol, **ethanol** and normal paraffin), nitrogen sources (e.g. ammonium, ammonium chloride, urea, peptone, yeast extract, corn steep liquor, glycine, glutamic acid and alanine) and inorganic salts (e.g., phosphate salts, magnesium sulphate and sodium chloride) at 26-32 deg.C for 1-8 days under aerobic conditions.

0/0

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: **B02-C01**; B04-B02B2; D05-C02

L75 ANSWER 25 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 84-069426 [12] WPIDS
 DNC C84-029739
 TI **Cyclosporin**-contg. formulations with good
cyclosporin resorption - contain tri glyceride-poly
 alkylene-glycol trans-esterification prod. or satd. fatty acid tri
 glyceride or mono- or di glyceride carrier.
 DC B02
 IN CAVANAK, T
 PA (SANO) SANDOZ AG
 CYC 1
 PI CH 641356 A 840229 (8412)* 5 pp
 ADT CH 641356 A CH 79-1949 790227
 PRAI CH 79-1949 790227
 IC A61K037-02; A61K047-00
 AB CH 641356 A UPAB: 930925
 Formulation contains a **cyclosporin** (I) and a carrier (II)
 consisting of at least one of (a) a transesterification prod. of a
 triglyceride with a polyalkylene glycol; (b) a satd. fatty acid
 triglyceride; or (c) a mono- or di-glyceride, providing that (I) can
 only be **cyclosporin** A if the formulation is a soln. for
 drinking which contains the esterification prod. of a triglycerine
oleate with a polyethylene glycol as component (a) and also
 contains olive oil or corn oil and **ethanol**.
 (a), (b) and (c) increase resorption of (I) compared to
 conventional carriers, and avoid instability problems. The
 formulation can be used orally and parenterally. (I) can be used in
 daily doses of 3-50 mg/kg to treat chronic inflammations and to
 achieve an immunosuppressive effect.
 0/0
 FS CPI
 FA AB
 MC CPI: B02-C01; B04-B01C; B04-C03B; B10-E04C; B10-G02;
 B12-D02; B12-D07; B12-M06

L75 ANSWER 26 OF 26 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 83-702654 [27] WPIDS
 DNC C83-063036
 TI Printing ink for edible tablet mouldings - consists of mixt. of
phospholipid and unsatd. fatty acid and/or fatty oil and
 opt. **ethanol**.
 DC B07 D13 E19 G02
 PA (HAMA-N) HAMADA SHOKUHIN KOG
 CYC 1
 PI JP 58089668 A 830528 (8327)* 3 pp
 JP 60036232 B 850819 (8537)
 ADT JP 58089668 A JP 81-187136 811120
 PRAI JP 81-187136 811120
 IC A23P001-00; A61K009-44; C09D011-02
 AB JP58089668 A UPAB: 930925
 The ink consists of a homogeneous mixt. of 70-20 wt.% of (1)
phospholipid and 30-80 wt.% (2) an unsatd. fatty acid and/or
 fatty oil and opt. (3) **ethanol**.
 Pref. (1) include, e.g. lecithin and cephalin. Pref. fatty oils
 include vegetable oil having regular compsn. of fatty acid, e.g.
 bean oil and rape oil. Pref. unsatd. fatty acids include, e.g.
oleic acid and **linolic** acid. Use of unsatd. fatty acids
 instead of fatty oil improves the colouring property of ink. For

improvement in the drying of the applied ink, (3) is pref. used. Pref. (3) is anhydrous or has small water content.

The ink is used for printing of figures and patterns on the surface of tablet mouldings, e.g. foods and medicine. The ink does not stain printed phases and, when applied, dries quickly and has a clear colour.

FS

CPI

FA

AB

MC

CPI: **B02-C01**; B04-B01B; B04-B01C; B05-B01P; B10-C04E;
B12-M11; D03-H; E05-G09D; E10-C04H; G02-A04A

=> d all tot

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 2 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
 AN 97-385088 [35] WPIDS
 DNC C97-123439
 TI Preparation of cyclosporin, rapamycin or ascomycin emulsions for e.g. treating multi-drug resistance syndrome - by adding to placebo fat emulsion a concentrate of active agent, stabiliser e.g. egg phosphatidyl-glycerol and organic solvent.
 DC B02 B04 C02 C03
 IN TIEMESSEN, H
 PA (NOVS) NOVARTIS AG
 CYC 75
 PI WO 9725977 A1 970724 (9735)* EN 37 pp A61K009-107
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA
 PT SD SE SZ UG
 W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI
 GB GE HU IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG
 MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK TJ TM TR TT UA
 UG US UZ VN
 AU 9715434 A 970811 (9747) A61K009-107
 EP 874621 A1 981104 (9848) EN A61K009-107
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU NL PT SE
 ADT WO 9725977 A1 WO 97-EP252 970120; AU 9715434 A AU 97-15434 970120;
 EP 874621 A1 EP 97-901563 970120, WO 97-EP252 970120
 FDT AU 9715434 A Based on WO 9725977; EP 874621 A1 Based on WO 9725977
 PRAI GB 96-1120 960119
 REP 2.Jnl.Ref ; DD 295766; EP 296122; EP 589843; GB 2222770; JP
 04253907; WO 9320833
 IC ICM A61K009-107
 ICS A61K047-10; A61K047-12; A61K047-24
 AB WO 9725977 A UPAB: 970828
 Preparation of emulsions comprising cyclosporin, rapamycin or ascomycin derivatives as active agent comprises admixing to a placebo fat emulsion a concentrate comprising (a) active agent; (b) stabiliser such as a phospholipid, glycolipid, sphingolipid, diacyl-phosphatidyl glycerol, egg phosphatidylglycerol, soy phosphatidylglycerol, diacyl phosphatidylglycerol (sic) or their salts, or a saturated mono- or di-unsaturated 12-24C fatty acid or their salts; and (c) an organic solvent. The wt. ratio of (a):(b) is 400:1-0.5-1.
 Also claimed are (1) an emulsion for intravenous administration of [3'-desoxy-3-oxo-methylBmt]1-[Val]2-cyclosporin as active agent; (2) a set of ampoules containing concentrate and bottles containing a placebo fat emulsion, suitable for mixing their contents to form a ready-to-use emulsion, in proportions that meet the needs of a patient.
 USE - Emulsions are used for the administration of cyclosporin, rapamycin, ascomycin or their derivatives (claimed) in the treatment of multi-drug resistance syndrome, for example in patients undergoing chemotherapy or following organ transplantations.
 They may be used for treatment and prevention of transplant rejection e.g. organ or tissue allo- or xeno-transplant rejection such as in patients receiving heart, lung, combined heart-lung, liver, kidney, pancreatic, skin or corneal transplants, prevention of graft-versus-host disease e.g. following bone-marrow transplantation, treatment and prevention of autoimmune disease and inflammatory conditions, particularly arthritis e.g. rheumatoid

arthritis, arthritis chronica progrediente and arthritis deformans and rheumatic diseases, autoimmune haematological disorders including haemolytic anaemia, aplastic anaemia, pure red-cell anaemia and idiopathic thrombocytopenia, systemic lupus erythematosus, polychondritis, sclerodoma, Wegener granulomatosis, dermatomyositis, chronic active hepatitis, myasthenia gravis, psoriasis, Steven-Johnson syndrome, idiopathic sprue, autoimmune inflammatory bowel disease e.g. ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease, endocrine ophthalmology, Graves disease, sarcoidosis, multiple sclerosis, primary biliary cirrhosis, juvenile diabetes (diabetes mellitus type I), uveitis (anterior and posterior), keratoconjunctivitis sicca and vernal keratoconjunctivitis, interstitial lung fibrosis, psoriatic arthritis, glomerulonephritis (with and without nephrotic syndrome and juvenile dermatitis, for the treatment and prevention of asthma, treatment of proliferative disorders e.g. tumours, hyperproliferative skin disorders, treatment of fungal infections, treatment and prevention of inflammation especially in potentiating the action of steroids, treatment and prevention of infection especially that caused by pathogens with Mip or Mip-like factors, treatment of overdoses of FK-506 and other macrophilin-binding immunosuppressants and the treatment of Hashimoto's thyroiditis, multiple sclerosis, cutaneous manifestations of immunologically related illnesses, atopic dermatitis, contact dermatitis, seborrhoeic dermatitis, Lichen planus, Pemphigus, bullous Pemphigoid, Epidermolysis bullosa, urticaria, angioedemas, vasculitides, erythemas, cutaneous eosinophilias, acne and alopecia areata.

Administration is oral or intravenous. Dosage is 1-1000 (5-100) mg/day. Adult daily dose following renal transplantation is 50-200 mg/day.

ADVANTAGE - The presence of stabiliser increases the concentration in a ready-to-use fat emulsion of a cyclosporin, rapamycin or ascomycin derivative-containing over the concentration obtainable with a placebo fat emulsion and/or accelerating formation (sic) of the ready-to-use emulsion (claimed). The emulsions are stable formulations with good bioavailability characteristics. The dosage of active ingredient required can be reduced. The composition is convenient to use and permits efficient and consistent absorption of drug by the body. Avoids the formation of solid cyclosporin crystal particles, which may be of a dangerously large size for intravenous injection or infusion.

Dwg.0/1

FS

CPI

FA

AB; DCN

MC

CPI: B02-A; C02-A; B02-C01; C02-C01; B02-R; C02-R; B04-B01B; C04-B01B; B04-C02V; C04-C02V; B05-B01P; C05-B01P; B10-C04E; C10-C04E; B12-M03; C12-M03; B14-A04; C14-A04; B14-C06; C14-C06; B14-C09; C14-C09; B14-E08; C14-E08; B14-E10C; C14-E10C; B14-F03; C14-F03; B14-G02C; C14-G02C; B14-G02D; C14-G02D; B14-H01; C14-H01; B14-K01A; C14-K01A; B14-M01; C14-M01; B14-N03; C14-N03; B14-N10; C14-N10; B14-N12; C14-N12; B14-N17; C14-N17; B14-S01; C14-S01; B14-S04; C14-S04; B14-S09; C14-S09

L1

ANSWER 2 OF 2 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 1998 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN

92-401121 [49] WPIDS

DNC

C92-177853

TI

Liposome(s) contg. allylamine and phospholipid - useful for high bio-availability and tissue distribution in skin, systemic and lung fungal infections treatment e.g. candidiasis.

DC B05 C03
IN BODMER, D; KISSEL, T; RICHTER, F; **TIEMESSEN, H**
PA (SANO) SANDOZ PATENT GMBH; (SANO) SANDOZ SA; (SANO) SANDOZ LTD;
(SANO) SANDOZ AG
CYC 7
PI GB 2256139 A 921202 (9249)* 43 pp A61K031-135
DE 4216644 A 921203 (9250) 18 pp A61K009-127
FR 2676925 A1 921204 (9305) 45 pp A61K009-127
JP 05148137 A 930615 (9328) 15 pp A61K031-135
BE 1005952 A4 940405 (9417) 46 pp A61K000-00
CH 684308 A5 940831 (9433) A61K031-135
GB 2256139 B 950329 (9516) A61K031-135
IT 1260442 B 960405 (9650) A61K000-00
ADT GB 2256139 A GB 92-11323 920528; DE 4216644 A DE 92-4216644 920520;
FR 2676925 A1 FR 92-6515 920527; JP 05148137 A JP 92-138517 920529;
BE 1005952 A4 BE 92-502 920601; CH 684308 A5 CH 92-1672 920525; GB
2256139 B GB 92-11323 920528; IT 1260442 B IT 92-RM383 920522
PRAI GB 91-11611 910530
IC ICM A61K009-127; A61K031-135
ICS A61K047-24
AB GB 2256139 A UPAB: 931116
Liposomes comprise the allylamine deriv. of formula (I)
(terbinafine) or acid addn. salt. Compsn. comprises (I) together
with a phospholipid (II).
USE - Non-liposomal preps. of (I) do not require the use of
surfactants. Admin. is peroral, topical or parenteral (esp.
pulmonal) at a daily dose of 1 microg-10 mg/kg, (0.05-1mg/kg)
(systemic infections), 0.1-10 mg/kg (pulmonal infections) or
10-10,000ng/cm², (500-2000ng/cm²) (skin infections).
0/4
Dwg.0/4
FS CPI
FA AB; GI; DCN
MC CPI: B04-B01B; C04-B01B; B05-B01P; C05-B01P; B10-B04B; C10-B04B;
B12-A02C; C12-A02C; B12-M11F; C12-M11F